

**CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION
Conservation Learning Center
RM of Prince Albert #461
ANNUAL SUMMARY 2019**

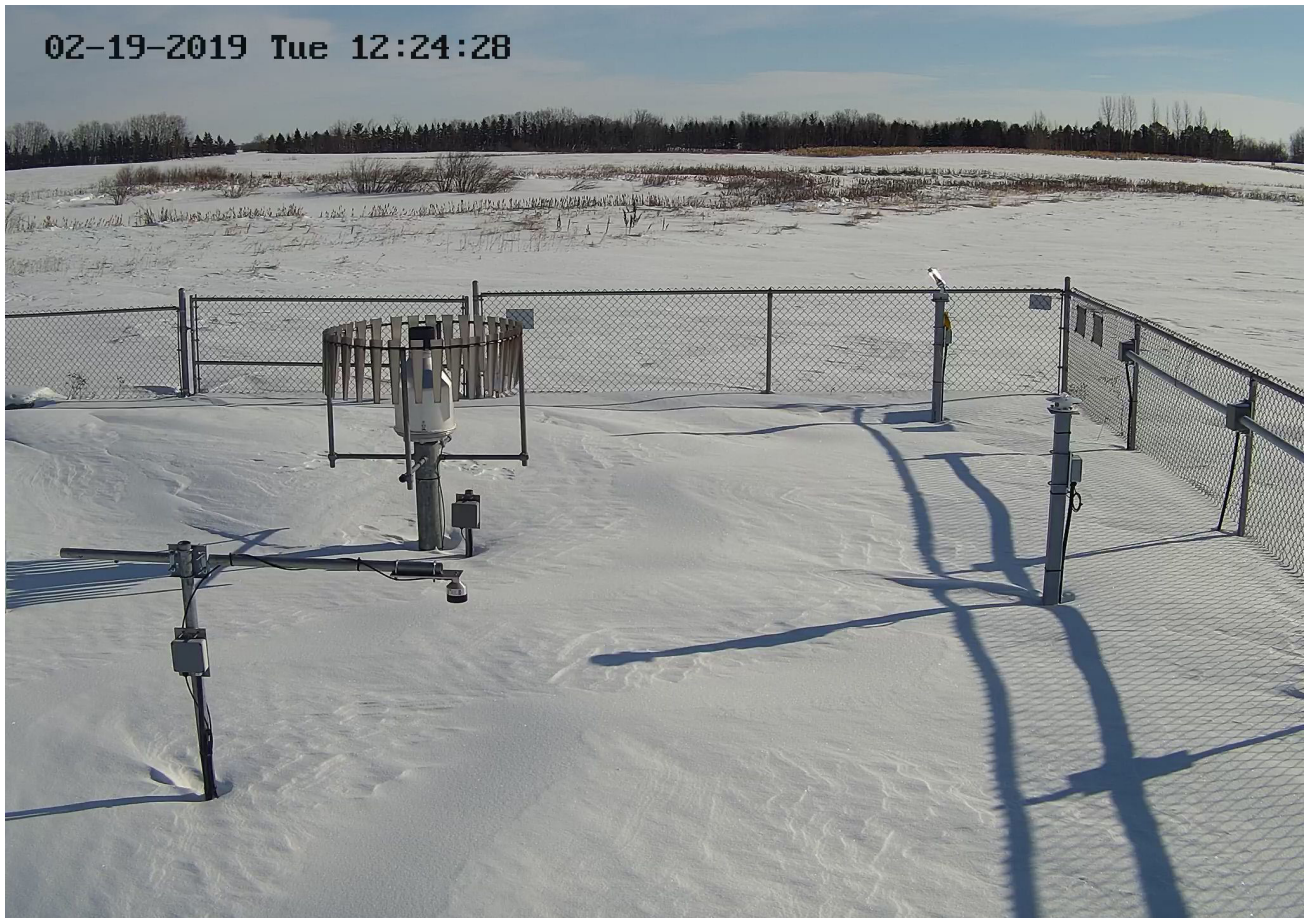
**V. Wittrock
Saskatchewan Research Council
Air and Climate**



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COVER PHOTOGRAPHS

Report cover: 10 metre wind speed and direction and solar panels

photo credit: Development Engineering and Manufacturing (July 2019)

Inside cover: All-season precipitation weighing gauge, bright sunshine sensor and global radiation sensor

photo credit: Camera at site (Feb 2019)

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Enquiries concerning the SRC Conservation Learning Centre (CLC) Climate Reference Station (CRS), its data, measurement programs and publications or becoming a supporter are most welcome. For further information contact:

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Monthly data sheets and annual summaries: <http://src.nu/crsdata>

**SASKATCHEWAN RESEARCH COUNCIL
CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION SUPPORTERS, 2019-2020
WE GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGE THE SUPPORT OF THE FOLLOWING:**



SRC'S CONSERVATION LEARNING CENTRE CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION HISTORY

The Saskatchewan Research Council's Climate Reference Station (CRS) at the Conservation Learning Centre (CLC) was established in 2011 with the first full year of data in 2012. This station is situated approximately 16km east of MacDowall, approximately 11km north of St. Louis and 18km south of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan. The oldest recordings of meteorological data in the area are south of the North Saskatchewan River at Prince Albert beginning in 1884 and lasting until 1942. In 1953, the present day Prince Albert station was established at the airport north of the river and east of the city. Other nearby stations recording intermittent data were at MacDowall (1914-2003) and Hoey (south of St. Louis) (1986-2012) with MacDowall recording both precipitation and temperature and Hoey only recording precipitation.

V. Wittrock has been project manager since the site was established. Wittrock and C. Beaulieu were the first observers. S. Dunn became primary observer between 2014-2016 with assistance from V. Wittrock. V. Wittrock took over this role in 2017 as well as remaining project manager. Instrument maintenance is carried out by Ryan Jansen and Ken Babich (DE&M). Summer of 2018 data monitoring assistance was provided by Ashley Carlson. V. Wittrock continues to be the primary observer and is also the project manager of SRC's Climate Reference Stations.

The instrument array consists of temperature, precipitation, humidity, barometric pressure, wind (speed and direction), snow depth, barometric pressure, solar radiation (global, diffuse and bright sunshine), and soil moisture, grass height air temperature and soil temperature (seven levels). New in 2019 is a 2 meter wind speed anemometer and soil moisture instruments were re-installed at three levels. The site is a self-contained unit with power generated from solar panels while the data is retrieved from the data logger by an internet connection via the cellular network.



*Aerial view of CRS at CLC
Photo: Lettvenuk, J.
Date: Sept 2013*

WHAT IS THE CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION?

The Saskatchewan Research Council's Climate Reference Station (SRC CRS) at Conservation Learning Centre is classified as a principal climatological station with supplementary climatological observations¹. A climate reference station's data are intended for the purpose of determining climatic trends. This requires long periods (not less than thirty years) of homogeneous records, where man-made environmental changes have been or are expected to remain at a minimum. Ideally the records should be of sufficient length to enable the identification of secular changes of climate². At CRS Conservation Learning Centre, half-hourly readings are taken of elements (temperature, precipitation amount, humidity, wind and atmospheric pressure). Supplemental observations include rainfall intensity, soil temperature (7 levels), bright sunshine, solar radiation (diffuse and global), snow depth, relative humidity, barometric pressure, soil moisture (3 levels) and grass level temperature. High quality and consistent climatological observations are maintained providing data sets to meet the current concerns of the effects of climatic change and increased variability.

Purpose and Benefits

The purpose of the SRC CRS is to provide a record of observed meteorological elements in order that the climate of the area and its changes can be accurately documented and described. Climatological data have assumed new importance as a result of social and environmental issues in which climate is a dominant factor. Climatological information assists in realizing new technological opportunities and social changes. It is necessary and valuable for areas such as agriculture, forestry, land use and facility placement, water and energy resources, as well as health and comfort.

The CRS allows us to:

- Evaluate long-term climatic trends – early warning system for increased frequencies of extreme events such as floods, droughts, etc.;
- Determine the impacts of climate events on society, economy, health and ecosystems – e.g., intense rainfall causing flooding and property damage, heat stress with its health implications;
- Do value-added research;
- Be part of regional, national and global networks in important agricultural and ecological areas;
- Facilitate development of additional programs – e.g., air quality, biodiversity and climate change monitoring
- Have roles in various programs within SRC including spray drift work, Boreal Ecosystem Atmospheric Study (BOREAS), and collaborative research with the Western College of Veterinary Medicine and the College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan; and
- Provide climate data to various industries, government organizations, non-government organizations, media outlets, institutions of learning, and interested individuals.

Goals

The goals of the CRS are first to maintain the high quality of data gathered over its fifty plus years of existence at its current location and, second to continue to monitor a large variety of elements. These various elements combined with the long-term collection period as well as the stable location allow SRC CRS at Conservation Learning Centre to be an extremely valuable climate information collection station.

¹Environment Canada 1992 ²World Meteorological Organization 1988

ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH THE SRC CLIMATE REFERENCE STATION AT THE CONSERVATION LEARNING CENTRE, 2019

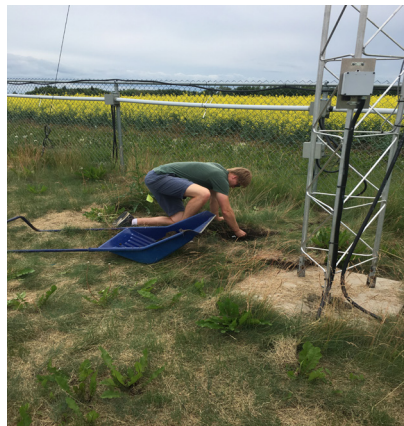
The CLC is a research and demonstration farm. Its outreach program for grades 3-11 students resulted in approximately 300 students being exposed to hands-on activities related to air, soil, and water interactions at the farm. The SRC Climate Reference Station is included in the program allowing the students to become familiar with the CRS's suite of instruments. The station emphasizes the importance of climate and its application to the practical world of farming and ecology.¹

Important events in 2019 included adding a second air temperature / relative humidity instrument (HMP 155) that is calibrated to cover extreme temperatures (-80 to +60C). We also installed a cup anemometer to measure wind speed at the 2 meter level next to the all season precipitation gauge, and replaced the damaged soil moisture sensors with new Stevens Soil Moisture probes. We also increased the number of solar panels and replaced the site modem with a low power unit to boost the power wattage needed in winter.

¹Conservation Learning Centre 2011



Cup anemometer placed at 2 meter height to measure wind speed
July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing



New Soil Moisture Sensors installed July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing



New air temperature sensor
July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing



Increased solar power.
July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing

SUMMARY FOR 2019

Data, including temperature, precipitation, wind speed and direction, bright sunshine, solar radiation, soil temperature and moisture, was recorded during 2019 by the Saskatchewan Research Council's (SRC) Climate Reference Station (CRS) at the Conservation Learning Centre (CLC) (53.03 N, 105.77 W), located in the Rural Municipality of Prince Albert #461, Saskatchewan.

SRC's Climate Reference Station at the CLC has been in operation for eight years (2012-2019), tracking similarities and differences of various parameters between the years and seasons. Once the station has data that extends to 10 years, there will be sufficient data for certain statistical analyses, such as determining averages. This report examines the types of weather and climate that occurred in 2019 and compares it to the previous seven years.

The average annual temperature of 0.5 C was the third coolest at this site over its eight years of data recording. This was mainly due to a cold winter, especially in February, which had an average monthly temperature of -24.1 C. February 2019 will also be remembered for VERY cold temperatures, including 16 daily minimum temperatures below -30 C with five of those daily minimum temperatures going below -40 C (page 8).

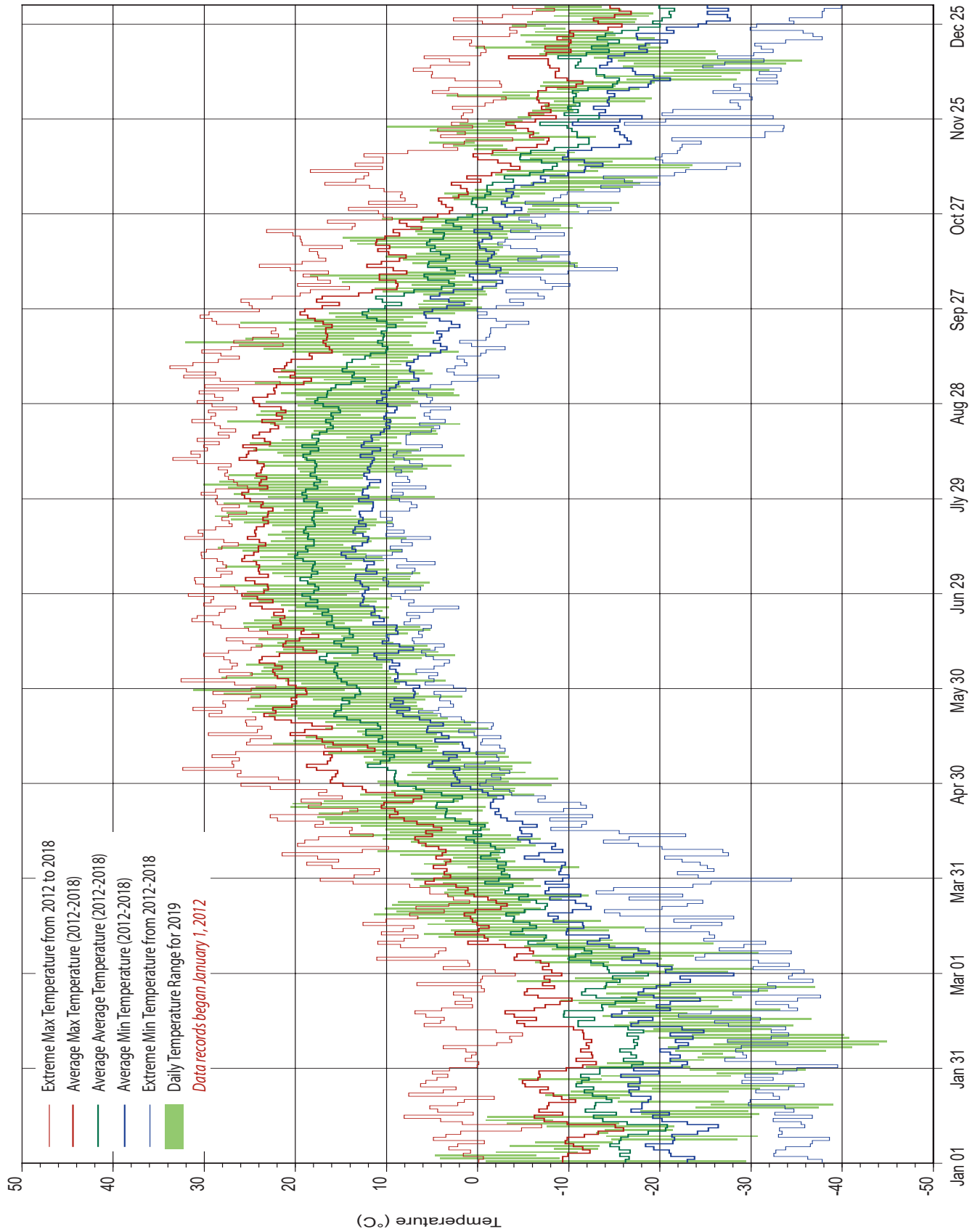
Summer was also chilly being the coldest in the eight years of measurements at this site with an average summer mean temperature of 16.1 C. This was due to the August temperatures being 0.6 C below the previous extreme average low (15.7 C in 2018). Also, it came very close to freezing on August 11 (1.4 C) and August 21 (2.0 C).

Even though it was a cool summer, the frost-free season lasted from May 17 to September 27. However, the number of growing-degree days were fairly low at 1,444 for the entire year and 1,352 for the frost-free season (page 17). The cool year resulted in the highest number of heating-degree days for the station at 6,380 and the lowest number of cooling-degree days at 52.

Precipitation for 2019 was the second lowest on record, but the year started wet(ter) than usual. The winter of 2018-2019 had 46.8 mm of precipitation, the greatest over the 2012-2019 period. The winter snowpack for 2018-2019 lasted from early November to early April (page 27). The greatest depth measured was 57 cm on February 21. 2013 had a much deeper snowpack that lasted until May. Then it turned dry with spring and summer the second driest over the last eight years, but autumn 2019 was the third wettest in the last eight years (page 25). Unfortunately for the farming community, trying to harvest, the greatest amount of precipitation fell in September (66.3 mm) with 12 of those days being precipitation days (page 25).

The good thing about cold temperatures and dry weather is we usually have a lot of sunshine. That was definitely the case in the winter of 2018-2019 and spring 2019. Spring (March, April, May) measured 68% of possible hours of bright sunshine with 91 of those days having at least one hour of sun, the highest amount of the eight-year recording period (page 31).

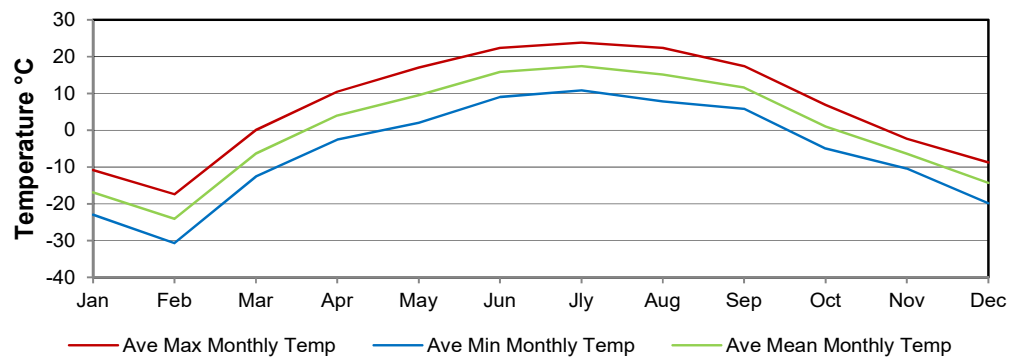
DAILY TEMPERATURE



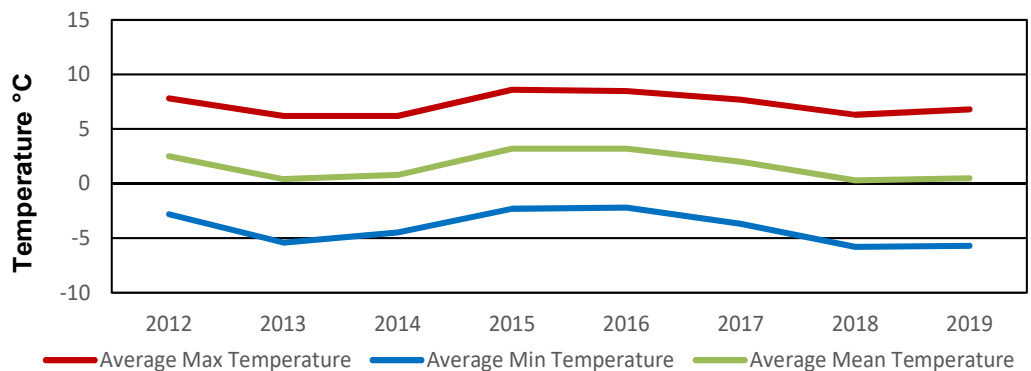
TEMPERATURE

MONTH	AVERAGE MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)	AVERAGE MINIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)	AVERAGE TEMPERATURE (°C)	EXTREME VALUES TEMPERATURE (°C) 2019				EXTREME VALUES TEMPERATURE (°C) FOR 2012 TO 2018					
	2019	2019	2019	Max	Day	Min	Day	Max	Day	Year	Min	Day	Year
January	-10.8	-23.0	-16.9	4.7	3	-39.0	19	8.1	15	2014	-39.5	31	2013
February	-17.4	-30.7	-24.1	-4.3	27	-44.9	8	6.9	17	2017	-37.6	22	2015
March	0.1	-12.6	-6.3	11.4	19	-30.8	7	17.3	30	2012	-35.8	1	2014
April	10.5	-2.6	4.0	20.5	22	-11.1	3	26.0	29	2015	-27.5	7	2018
May	17.0	2.0	9.5	31.2	29	-8.8	1	32.4	4	2016	-3.5	3	2014
June	22.4	9.0	15.8	28.1	2	2.5	9	32.6	1	2017	2.1	24	2017
July	23.8	10.8	17.4	28.8	23	4.7	29	32.2	16	2017	4.7	8	2015
August	22.4	7.8	15.1	30.1	2	1.4	11	33.5	10	2018	3.0	26	2018
September	17.4	5.8	11.6	32.1	16	-0.5	27	33.8	8	2011	-7.3	30	2018
October	6.9	-5.0	1.0	18.4	7	-15.5	30	24.0	10	2015	-15.3	9	2018
November	-2.3	-10.4	-6.4	10.0	23	-23.5	11	18.4	9	2016	-33.6	23	2013
December	-8.7	-19.9	-14.3	3.4	3	-35.6	14	7.1	11	2014	-39.9	31	2013
Average	6.8	-5.7	0.5										

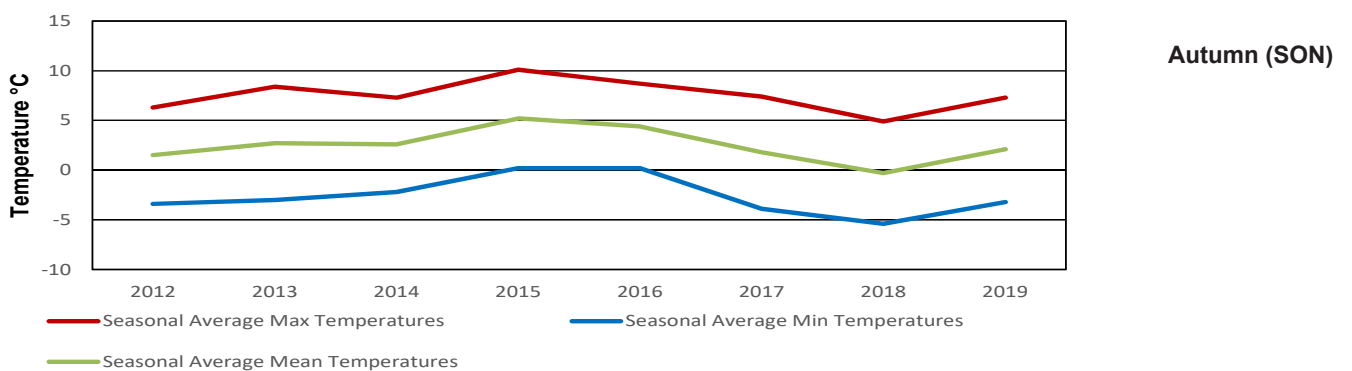
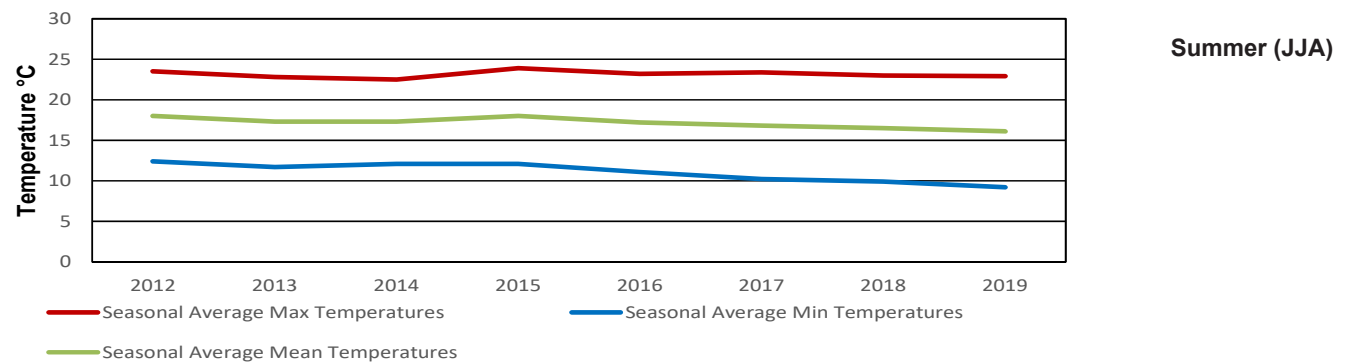
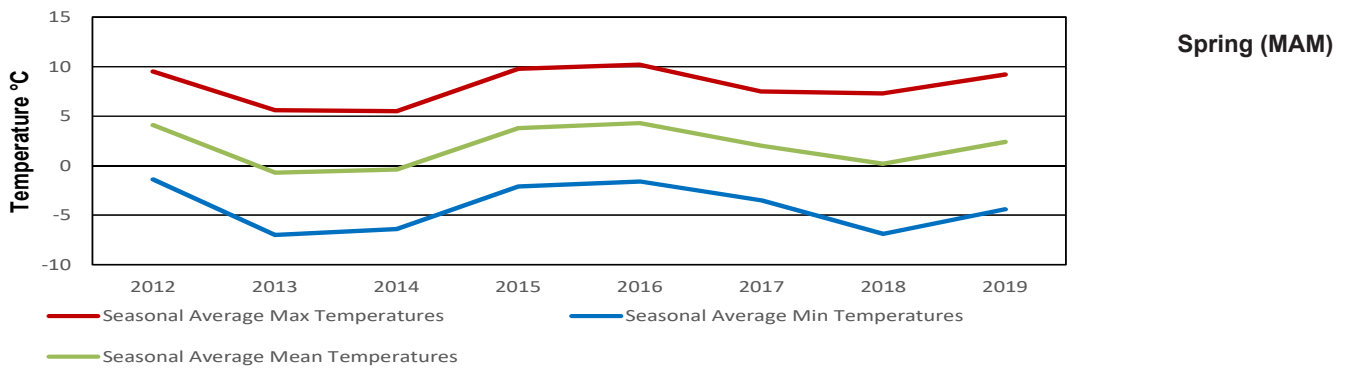
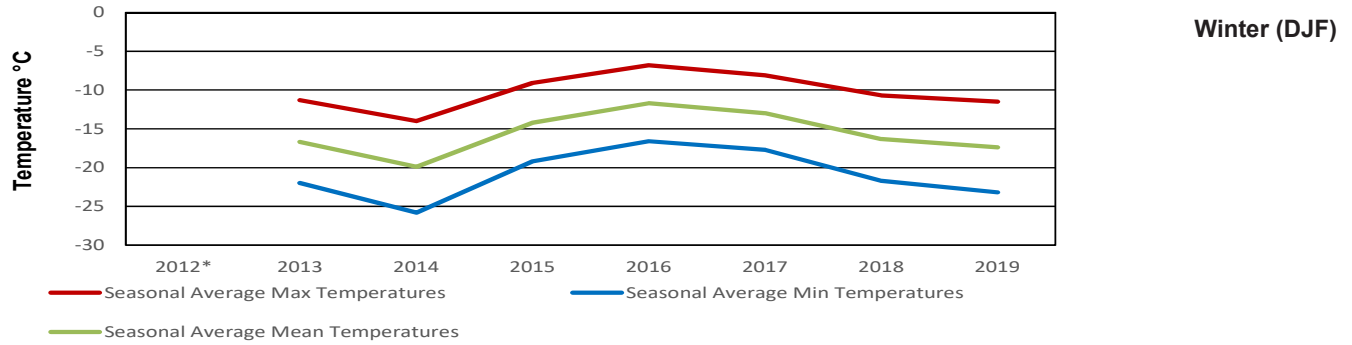
Monthly



Annual



SEASONAL TEMPERATURES



TEMPERATURE

2019 EXTREME TEMPERATURES					
COLD (less than or equal to -30°C)			HOT (greater than or equal to 30°C)		
DATE (month/day)	TEMPERATURE °C	DATE (month/day)	TEMPERATURE °C	DATE (month/day)	TEMPERATURE °C
January	9	-30.7	May	29	31.2
	15	-30.1	August	2	30.1
	16	-30.9	September	16	32.1
	25	-34.8			
	29	-33.0			
	30	-36.0			
February	5	-38.2			
	6	-41.1			
	7	-44.0			
	8	-44.9			
	9	-40.8			
	10	-40.2			
	11	-30.0			
	12	-32.2			
	13	-34.6			
	14	-31.0			
	15	-36.6			
	18	-33.2			
	24	-31.8			
	25	-37.0			
26	-31.8				
March	2	-30.2			
	7	-30.8			
December	11	-32.0			
	13	-33.8			
	14	-35.6			

Coloured cells indicate extremes for the year

TEMPERATURE RANKINGS

AVERAGE ANNUAL TEMPERATURES °C					
MAXIMUM TEMP		MINIMUM TEMP		MEAN TEMP	
2015	8.6	2016	-2.2	2015	3.2
2016	8.5	2015	-2.3	2016	3.2
2012	7.8	2012	-2.8	2012	2.5
2017	7.7	2017	-3.7	2017	2.0
2019	6.8	2014	-4.5	2014	0.8
2018	6.3	2013	-5.4	2019	0.5
2013	6.2	2019	-5.7	2013	0.4
2014	6.2	2018	-5.8	2018	0.3

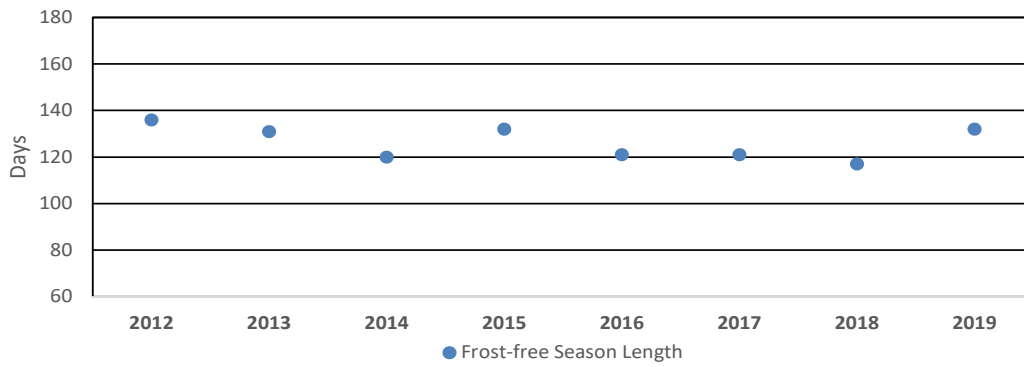
SEASONAL MAXIMUM AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C							
WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	M	2016	10.2	2015	23.9	2015	10.1
2016	-6.8	2015	9.8	2012	23.5	2016	8.7
2017	-8.1	2012	9.5	2017	23.4	2013	8.4
2015	-9.1	2019	9.2	2016	23.2	2017	7.4
2018	-10.7	2017	7.5	2018	23.0	2019	7.3
2013	-11.3	2018	7.3	2019	22.9	2014	7.3
2019	-11.5	2013	5.6	2013	22.8	2012	6.3
2014	-14.0	2014	5.5	2014	22.5	2018	4.9

SEASONAL MINIMUM AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C							
WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	M	2012	-1.4	2012	12.4	2015	0.2
2016	-16.6	2016	-1.6	2014	12.1	2016	0.2
2017	-17.7	2015	-2.1	2015	12.1	2014	-2.2
2015	-19.2	2017	-3.5	2013	11.7	2013	-3.0
2018	-21.7	2019	-4.4	2016	11.1	2019	-3.2
2013	-22.0	2014	-6.4	2017	10.2	2012	-3.4
2019	-23.2	2018	-6.9	2018	9.9	2017	-3.9
2014	-25.8	2013	-7.0	2019	9.2	2018	-5.4

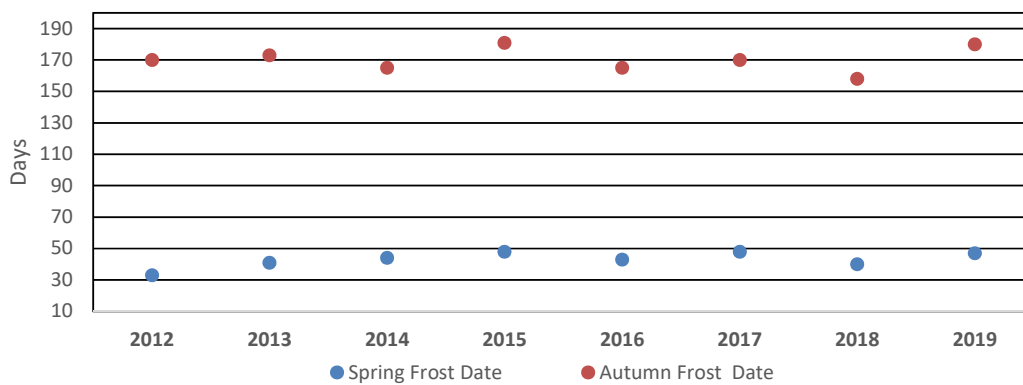
SEASONAL MEAN AVERAGE TEMPERATURES °C							
WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	M	2016	4.3	2015	18.0	2015	5.2
2016	-11.7	2012	4.1	2012	18.0	2016	4.4
2017	-13.0	2015	3.8	2014	17.3	2013	2.7
2015	-14.2	2019	2.4	2013	17.3	2014	2.6
2018	-16.3	2017	2.0	2016	17.2	2019	2.1
2013	-16.7	2018	0.2	2017	16.8	2017	1.8
2019	-17.4	2014	-0.4	2018	16.5	2012	1.5
2014	-19.9	2013	-0.7	2019	16.1	2018	-0.3

DATES & DURATION OF THE FROST-FREE SEASON			
YEAR	LAST SPRING FROST	FIRST FALL FROST	Frost-free Season Length
2011		September 14	
2012	May 3	September 17	136
2013	May 10	September 19	131
2014	May 14	September 12	120
2015	May 18	September 28	132
2016	May 13	September 13	121
2017	May 18	September 18	121
2018	May 10	September 5	117
2019	May 17	September 27	123

Coloured cells indicate extremes



Frost-free Growing Season Duration



Frost-free Growing Season End Points

TEMPERATURE GRID °C

Average Temperature °C
Daily

2019	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-15.2	-17.7	-22.4	2.0	-1.6	12.3	17.1	19.1	11.4	2.5	-0.9	-13.4
2	-2.5	-23.0	-25.4	-4.3	2.4	18.8	12.0	23.3	10.5	4.8	-1.9	-10.9
3	-0.9	-26.2	-17.0	-5.0	1.0	15.8	12.9	22.4	15.9	4.6	-5.7	-1.2
4	-6.5	-25.8	-10.4	1.5	0.4	16.7	14.3	18.6	11.7	3.9	-10.9	-6.9
5	-10.8	-30.0	-15.0	-0.2	0.9	17.0	14.4	19.9	15.4	6.4	-11.8	-13.2
6	-8.4	-31.0	-14.9	0.1	3.2	18.0	16.9	13.3	12.6	8.9	-12.5	-11.0
7	-10.6	-35.0	-21.1	3.1	6.7	15.8	21.1	12.6	13.8	9.9	-13.8	-13.3
8	-21.6	-36.2	-13.3	4.3	4.6	11.0	17.7	13.2	15.3	2.3	-5.8	-22.4
9	-22.4	-30.4	-10.1	-1.4	6.7	8.2	17.5	16.7	10.1	-1.6	-8.2	-19.9
10	-13.7	-31.9	-16.2	0.0	8.9	13.2	17.2	12.5	8.3	-2.9	-17.8	-24.6
11	-17.7	-24.2	-8.6	1.3	10.4	13.3	16.6	11.4	9.9	-2.0	-17.3	-26.8
12	-14.6	-25.8	-1.6	1.8	12.2	14.9	17.1	14.7	10.7	0.9	-9.7	-21.0
13	-9.4	-24.8	0.4	5.2	12.6	15.7	21.0	15.6	11.2	0.6	-12.7	-25.5
14	-4.6	-23.9	-5.8	6.0	9.5	17.1	20.5	16.4	14.1	2.4	-5.5	-25.5
15	-15.6	-28.4	-9.3	4.4	8.6	12.4	17.2	16.7	16.7	1.1	-6.1	-18.9
16	-24.5	-21.9	-2.2	6.0	6.8	13.0	14.5	16.2	19.8	3.4	-1.4	-16.6
17	-23.8	-19.8	-5.0	7.5	7.8	14.6	18.2	11.7	19.6	5.2	0.0	-16.7
18	-30.7	-25.0	2.1	8.7	8.1	16.0	16.9	11.3	13.7	6.9	2.8	-10.0
19	-32.3	-20.4	3.4	11.1	8.5	20.2	15.9	11.3	12.3	5.8	-3.0	-12.4
20	-21.3	-14.8	1.8	9.6	11.6	18.6	16.8	13.0	15.9	1.7	-9.5	-9.8
21	-12.8	-18.6	1.7	6.8	13.7	16.3	17.5	12.4	11.8	0.6	-2.2	-14.3
22	-12.1	-22.4	2.3	9.8	14.9	14.7	19.1	18.4	15.8	-1.5	0.5	-9.9
23	-18.9	-19.1	1.5	13.7	15.7	15.7	21.1	14.2	14.0	-2.6	3.5	-10.6
24	-25.1	-25.9	-5.3	9.5	15.5	14.8	22.0	18.6	11.4	0.3	-1.0	-8.4
25	-25.7	-25.4	-4.5	4.3	10.5	16.8	17.6	16.8	9.4	4.5	-3.0	-5.7
26	-16.6	-23.6	0.4	3.4	12.0	17.6	19.4	14.2	6.0	-2.2	-5.2	-11.3
27	-9.1	-9.8	0.2	2.8	13.3	17.7	19.7	13.5	3.0	-8.3	-6.5	-14.4
28	-20.7	-14.5	-0.3	1.5	17.2	20.0	13.8	14.9	3.7	-7.3	-8.3	-13.6
29	-29.6		-0.7	1.3	22.9	19.2	13.9	13.0	3.3	-8.6	-8.9	-14.6
30	-29.7		0.5	3.8	16.7	17.3	20.2	11.0	1.6	-9.1	-9.1	-11.1
31	-17.6		0.2		13.9		18.4	12.2		-0.2		-10.5



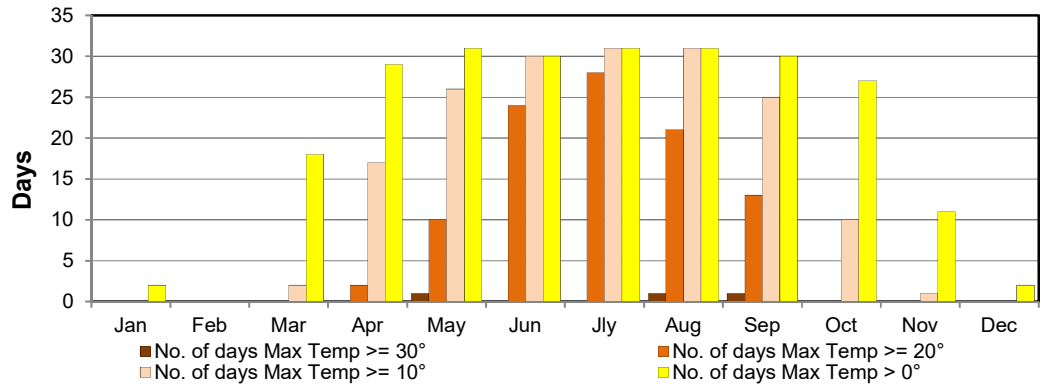
Duplicate air temperature / relative humidity sensors
July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing

2019	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Maximum Temperature °C Daily
1	-0.9	-14.2	-17.3	7.3	5.6	21.1	28.2	27.4	20.1	6.0	2.8	-8.4	
2	4.1	-21.1	-20.5	0.0	7.7	28.1	18.7	30.1	12.5	10.4	3.6	-2.6	
3	4.7	-24.1	-12.4	1.1	7.2	25.0	18.4	28.3	24.4	11.3	0.3	3.4	
4	-2.0	-24.6	-6.3	5.9	4.6	23.7	21.2	24.5	16.9	7.2	-4.7	-2.7	
5	-8.4	-21.7	-9.8	3.7	5.6	23.5	22.5	27.3	21.9	14.9	-5.8	-8.7	
6	-3.5	-20.9	-6.0	2.7	12.3	25.4	23.9	19.5	20.1	15.2	-7.9	-6.9	
7	-6.3	-25.9	-11.3	8.5	11.5	21.9	27.7	19.7	21.6	18.4	-7.9	-7.2	
8	-14.7	-27.4	-8.1	11.0	12.5	15.8	21.5	23.5	19.8	7.9	-1.9	-16.3	
9	-14.1	-19.9	-5.1	1.4	16.4	13.9	24.7	24.3	11.7	4.1	-3.2	-13.0	
10	-13.0	-23.5	-6.5	6.2	13.2	22.1	23.9	19.0	9.6	5.3	-12.3	-20.4	
11	-14.0	-18.3	-2.3	7.3	16.5	21.3	20.9	21.3	12.0	7.1	-11.0	-21.5	
12	-7.6	-19.3	4.3	10.4	22.4	24.3	25.8	22.0	14.8	8.2	-4.6	-16.0	
13	-3.2	-15.0	5.9	14.0	20.2	22.0	28.5	24.6	20.3	10.1	-5.8	-17.1	
14	-0.9	-16.7	2.9	9.6	18.9	24.0	26.2	22.9	23.5	6.8	-1.4	-15.4	
15	-1.0	-20.2	-0.3	10.1	12.7	15.0	22.7	25.0	26.2	4.6	-1.6	-12.8	
16	-18.0	-13.7	5.5	12.8	13.2	18.2	21.1	21.5	32.1	9.6	0.4	-6.8	
17	-17.9	-16.5	3.6	16.2	16.7	24.0	23.0	14.4	25.5	13.2	2.7	-7.3	
18	-23.9	-16.8	6.7	16.7	15.5	25.6	21.5	18.2	20.0	14.0	5.3	0.2	
19	-25.6	-14.3	11.4	17.6	16.7	25.7	20.0	18.0	19.8	14.8	1.3	-5.9	
20	-15.4	-11.1	8.9	17.4	19.8	24.5	22.5	21.1	20.7	6.6	-6.0	-5.3	
21	-10.0	-9.1	10.2	14.1	22.9	22.7	25.6	22.8	17.9	6.9	2.3	-9.2	
22	-7.4	-15.7	9.4	20.5	24.8	18.1	27.1	27.4	26.0	7.4	5.2	-4.7	
23	-10.2	-14.1	8.8	20.3	25.3	20.8	28.8	21.6	19.9	4.0	10.0	-6.3	
24	-19.1	-20.0	-1.4	16.9	24.4	19.9	27.5	24.3	15.6	6.3	2.0	-7.2	
25	-16.5	-13.8	3.3	10.6	14.2	21.6	21.2	23.8	16.3	10.5	-1.1	-3.8	
26	-10.9	-15.3	3.6	12.9	18.1	24.1	25.2	18.3	11.8	1.3	-4.4	-5.4	
27	-4.5	-4.3	3.3	9.5	24.9	25.9	27.9	19.7	6.4	-5.4	-5.6	-11.4	
28	-13.6	-10.7	6.4	7.1	27.9	25.6	19.1	23.2	6.5	-5.5	-6.0	-8.4	
29	-26.2		3.8	10.7	31.2	25.3	23.0	18.9	6.0	-6.0	-7.4	-10.0	
30	-23.3		7.0	11.0	24.4	23.6	26.8	19.9	3.1	-2.6	-7.3	-6.4	
31	-11.9		3.9		19.3		24.0	21.6		2.6		-7.3	

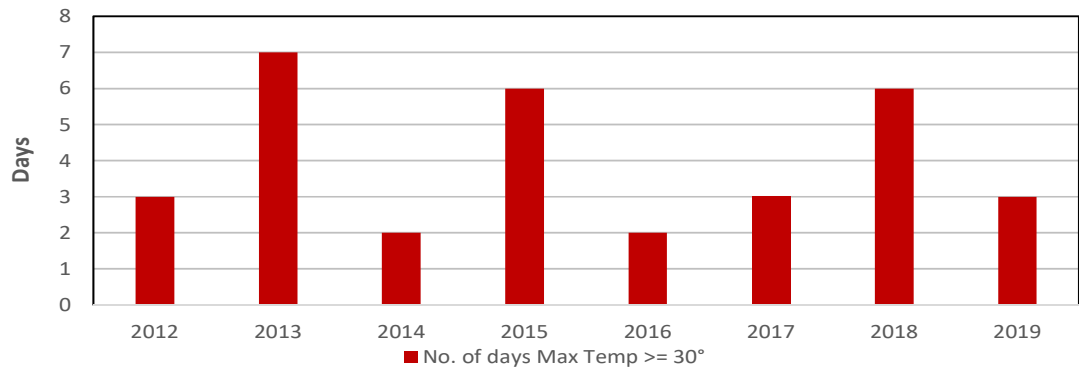
2019	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	Minimum Temperature °C Daily
1	-29.4	-21.2	-27.5	-3.3	-8.8	3.5	5.9	10.8	2.6	-1.0	-4.6	-18.4	
2	-9.0	-24.8	-30.2	-8.6	-3.0	9.5	5.3	16.4	8.5	-0.9	-7.4	-19.1	
3	-6.4	-28.2	-21.5	-11.1	-5.2	6.6	7.4	16.4	7.4	-2.1	-11.7	-5.7	
4	-11.0	-26.9	-14.4	-3.0	-3.8	9.7	7.3	12.6	6.4	0.6	-17.0	-11.1	
5	-13.2	-38.2	-20.2	-4.1	-3.8	10.5	6.3	12.5	8.8	-2.1	-17.8	-17.7	
6	-13.3	-41.1	-23.7	-2.5	-5.9	10.5	9.8	7.1	5.0	2.5	-17.0	-15.1	
7	-14.8	-44.0	-30.8	-2.4	1.9	9.6	14.5	5.5	5.9	1.4	-19.7	-19.4	
8	-28.5	-44.9	-18.4	-2.4	-3.4	6.1	13.8	2.9	10.8	-3.4	-9.6	-28.4	
9	-30.7	-40.8	-15.1	-4.1	-3.0	2.5	10.3	9.1	8.4	-7.2	-13.2	-26.7	
10	-14.3	-40.2	-25.9	-6.3	4.5	4.3	10.5	6.0	7.0	-11.0	-23.2	-28.8	
11	-21.4	-30.0	-14.8	-4.8	4.3	5.2	12.2	1.4	7.7	-11.0	-23.5	-32.0	
12	-21.6	-32.2	-7.5	-6.9	2.0	5.5	8.3	7.3	6.5	-6.5	-14.8	-25.9	
13	-15.5	-34.6	-5.1	-3.7	5.0	9.3	13.4	6.5	2.1	-9.0	-19.6	-33.8	
14	-8.2	-31.0	-14.4	2.3	0.1	10.1	14.8	9.8	4.6	-2.1	-9.6	-35.6	
15	-30.1	-36.6	-18.3	-1.3	4.5	9.7	11.7	8.4	7.1	-2.4	-10.6	-25.0	
16	-30.9	-30.1	-9.9	-0.8	0.3	7.7	7.8	10.8	7.5	-2.8	-3.2	-26.3	
17	-29.7	-23.0	-13.5	-1.2	-1.2	5.2	13.3	8.9	13.6	-2.8	-2.8	-26.1	
18	-37.4	-33.2	-2.5	0.6	0.7	6.3	12.2	4.4	7.3	-0.2	0.3	-20.1	
19	-39.0	-26.4	-4.6	4.6	0.2	14.6	11.8	4.6	4.8	-3.3	-7.3	-18.9	
20	-27.1	-18.4	-5.3	1.8	3.3	12.7	11.1	4.8	11.1	-3.2	-13.0	-14.3	
21	-15.6	-28.0	-6.9	-0.5	4.4	9.8	9.3	2.0	5.7	-5.7	-6.7	-19.4	
22	-16.8	-29.0	-4.8	-0.9	4.9	11.2	11.1	9.4	5.5	-10.4	-4.3	-15.1	
23	-27.5	-24.0	-5.8	7.1	6.0	10.5	13.3	6.8	8.1	-9.1	-3.0	-14.9	
24	-31.0	-31.8	-9.2	2.1	6.6	9.7	16.4	12.9	7.1	-5.7	-4.0	-9.6	
25	-34.8	-37.0	-12.2	-2.1	6.7	11.9	13.9	9.8	2.5	-1.6	-4.9	-7.5	
26	-22.3	-31.8	-2.8	-6.2	5.8	11.1	13.6	10.0	0.1	-5.7	-5.9	-17.2	
27	-13.6	-15.3	-3.0	-4.0	1.7	9.4	11.4	7.3	-0.5	-11.1	-7.3	-17.4	
28	-27.8	-18.2	-6.9	-4.1	6.5	14.3	8.5	6.5	0.8	-9.0	-10.5	-18.8	
29	-33.0		-5.1	-8.1	14.6	13.0	4.7	7.0	0.6	-11.2	-10.3	-19.2	
30	-36.0		-6.1	-3.4	8.9	10.9	13.5	2.0	0.1	-15.5	-10.8	-15.8	
31	-23.3		-3.6		8.5		12.7	2.7		-2.9		-13.6	

DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN A SET POINT

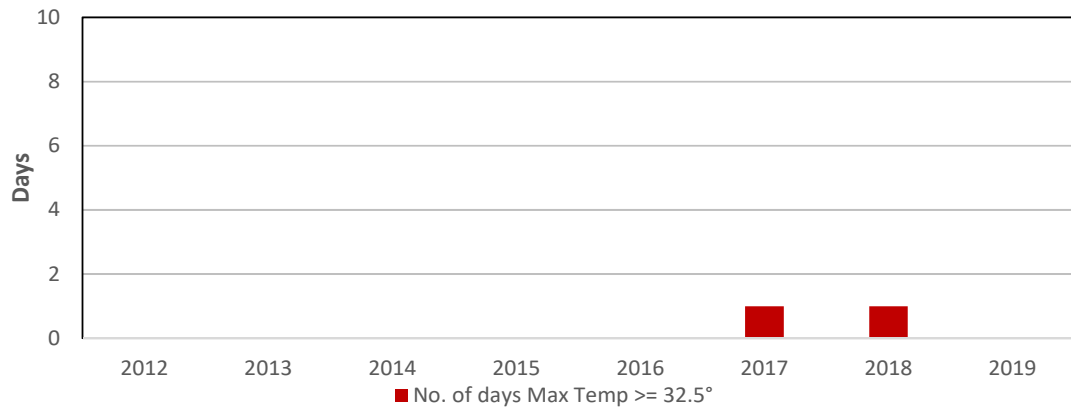
Maximum temperature relative to set points
Monthly



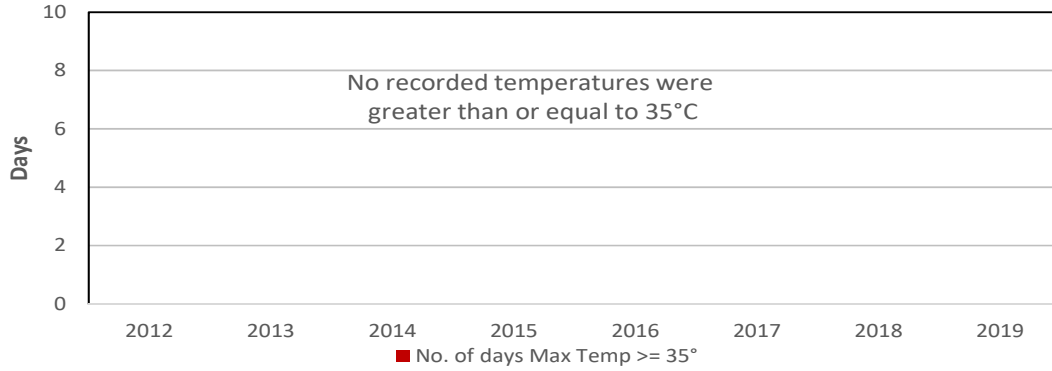
30°C or Greater



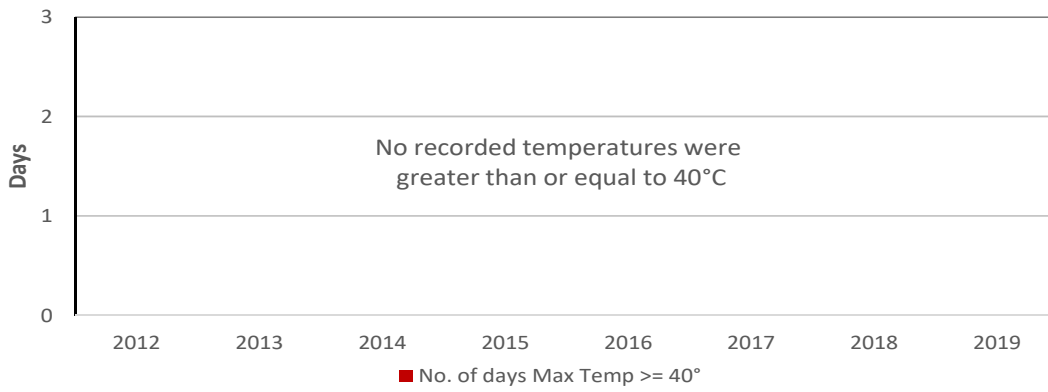
32.5°C or Greater



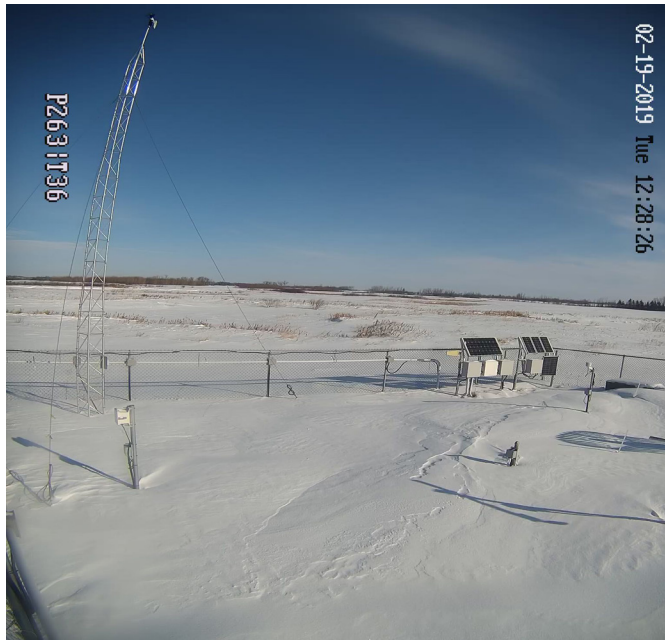
DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN A SET POINT



35°C or Greater



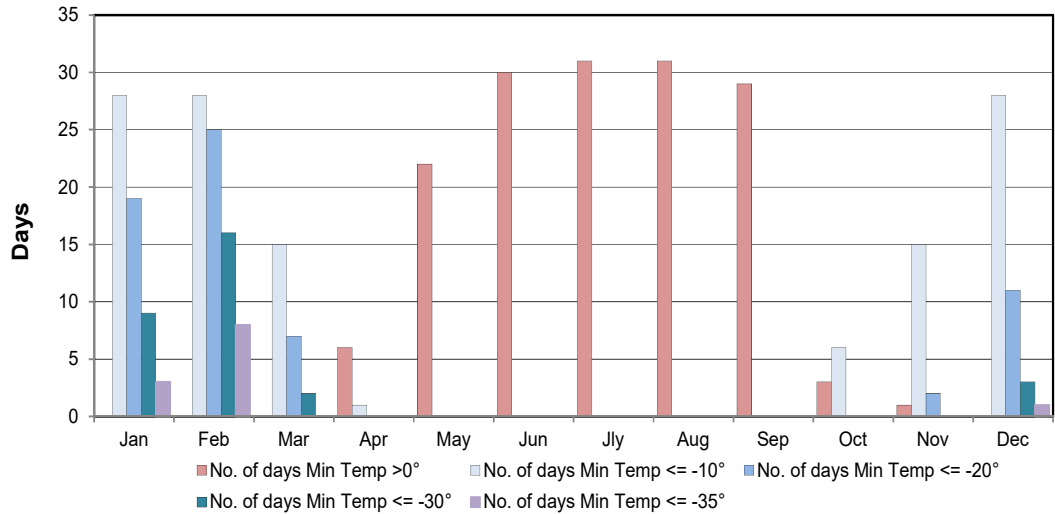
40°C or Greater



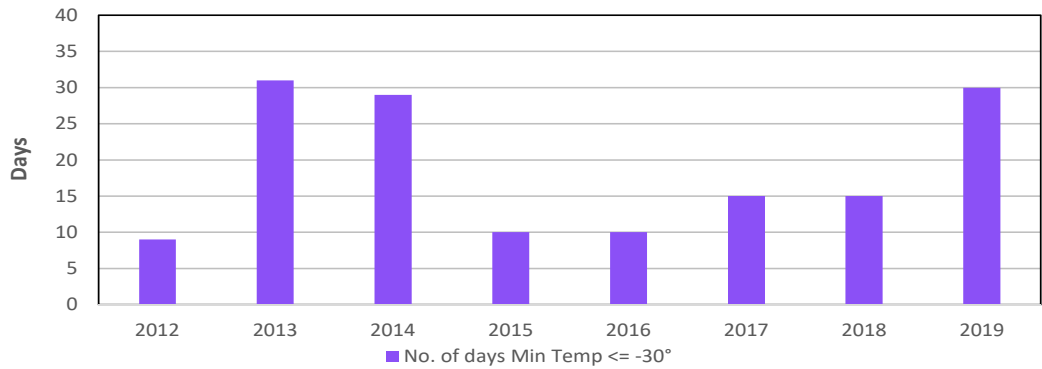
Winter at the CLC CRS
February 2019
Photo: Camera on site

DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES LESS THAN A SET POINT

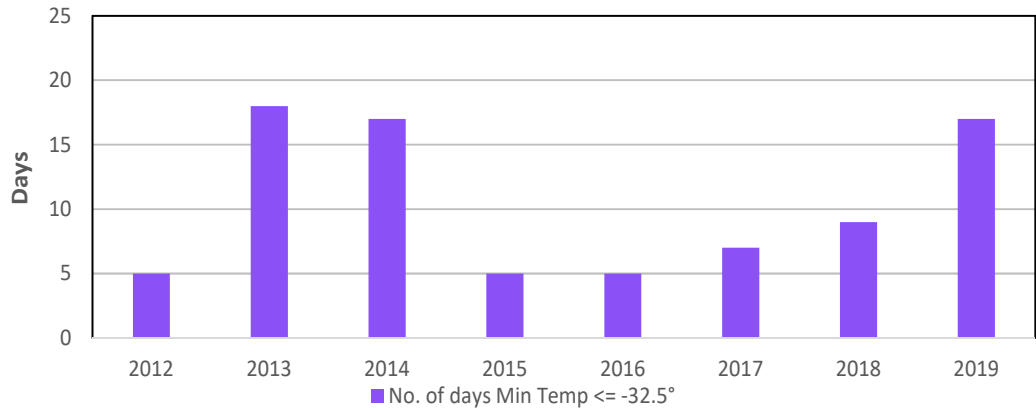
Minimum temperature relative to set points Monthly



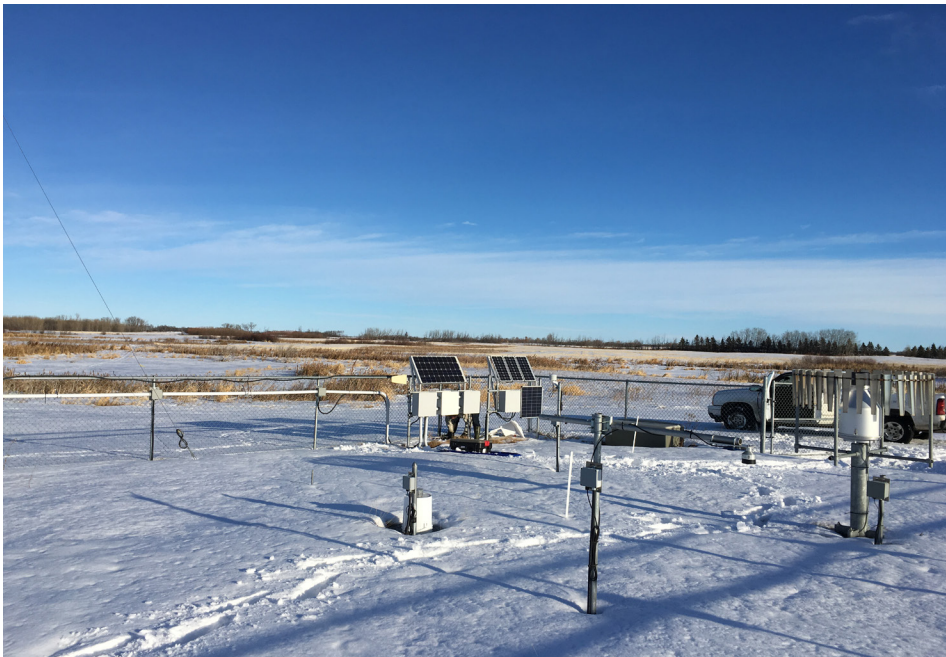
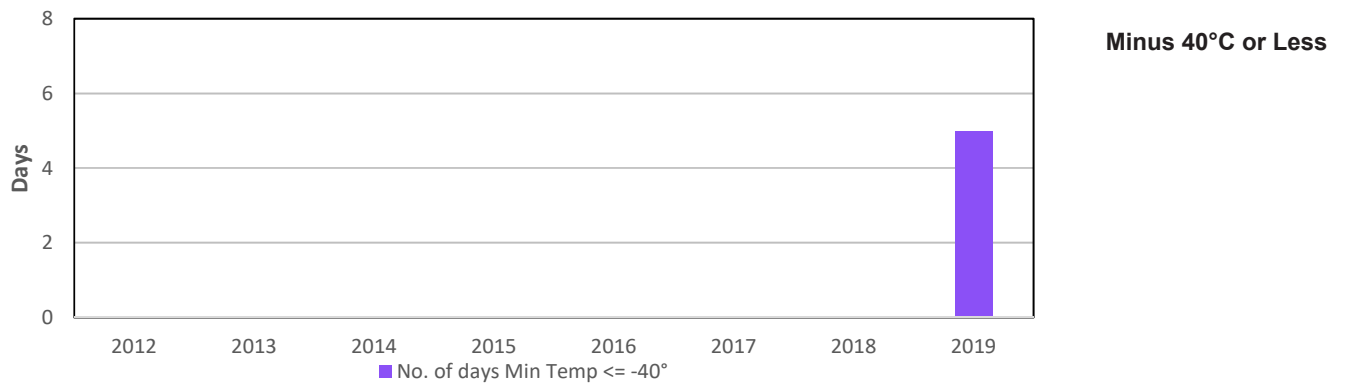
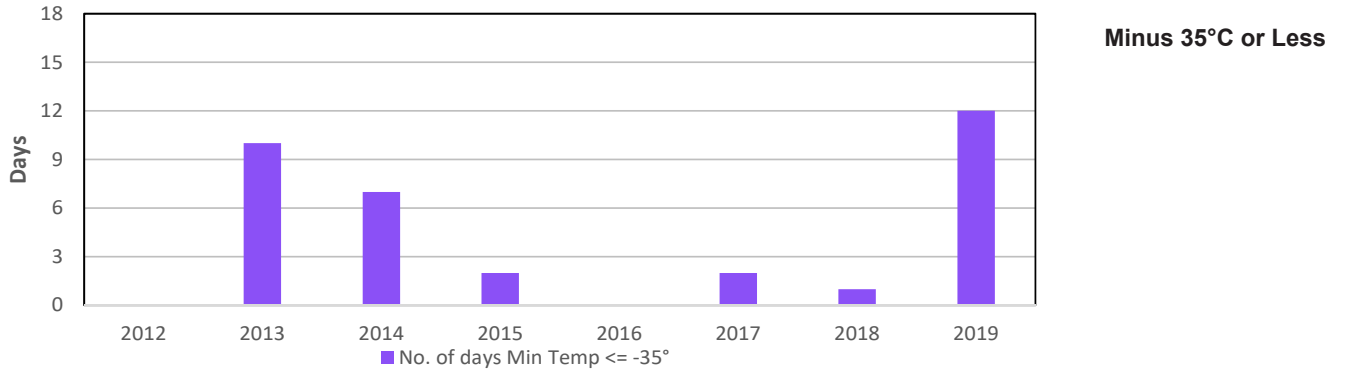
Minus 30°C or Less



Minus 32.5°C or Less



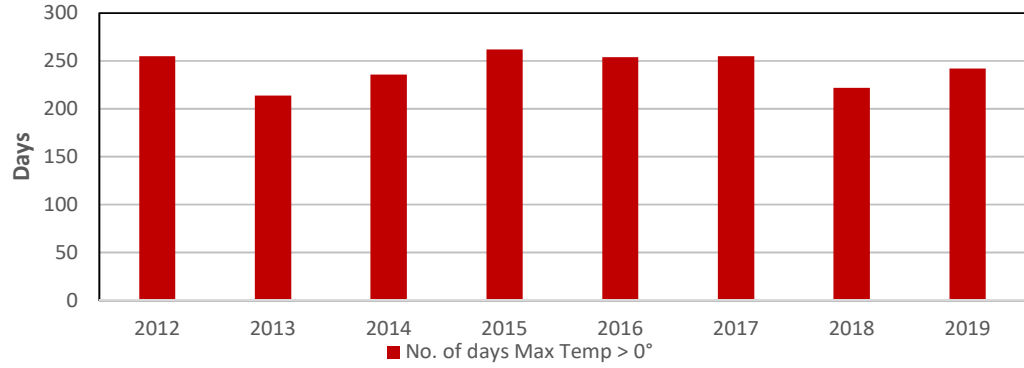
DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES LESS THAN A SET POINT



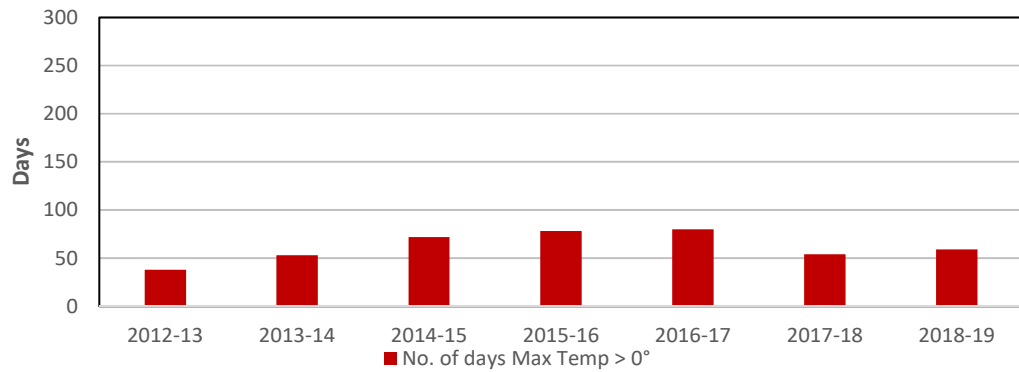
CLC CRS
January 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing

DAYS WITH TEMPERATURES GREATER THAN 0°C

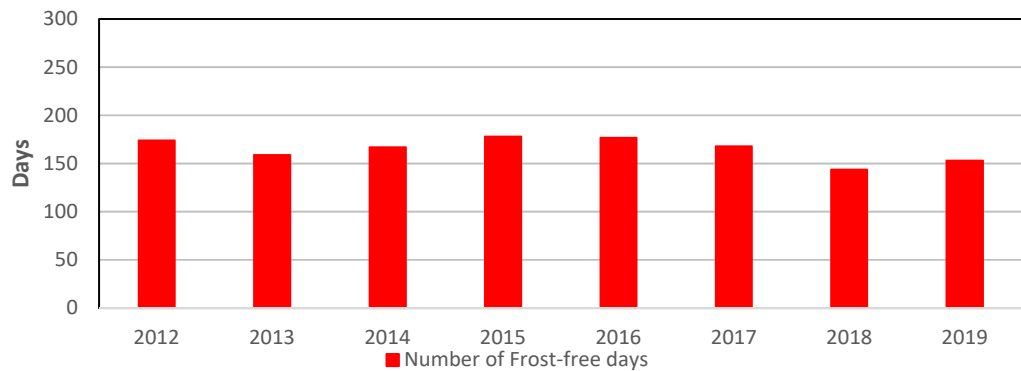
**Maximum Temperature
greater than 0°C
(Thaw Days)
Jan 1st to Dec 31st**



**Maximum Temperature
greater than 0°C
(Thaw Days)
Oct 1st to Mar 31st
(Cold Season)**

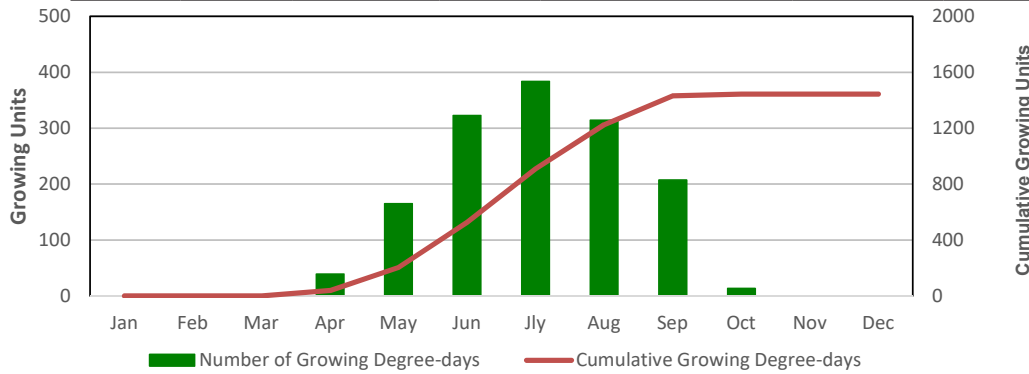


**Minimum Temperature
greater than 0°C
(Frost-free Days)**

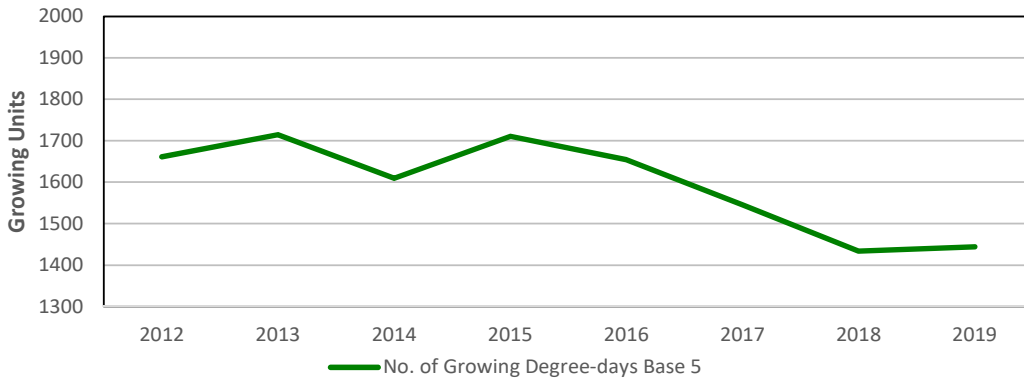


DEGREE-DAYS

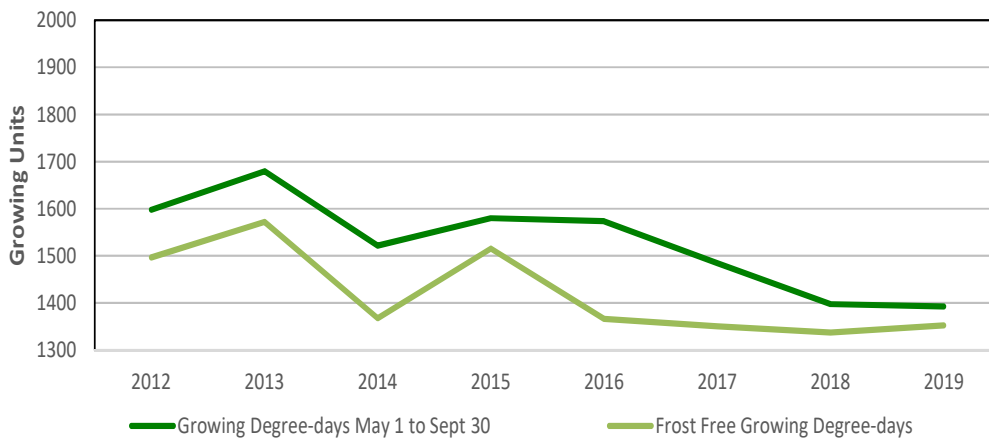
MONTH	GROWING DEGREE-DAYS Base 5°C		HEATING DEGREE-DAYS Base 18°C		COOLING DEGREE-DAYS Base 18°C		EXTREME COOLING DEGREE-DAYS Base 24°C	
	2019	Cumulative	2019	Cumulative	2019	Cumulative	2019	Cumulative
January	0.0	0.0	1083.0	1083.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
February	0.0	0.0	1179.5	2262.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
March	0.0	0.0	752.6	3015.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
April	38.9	38.9	421.4	3436.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
May	164.7	203.6	267.3	3703.8	4.9	4.9	0.0	0.0
June	322.7	526.3	74.1	3777.9	6.8	11.7	0.0	0.0
July	383.5	909.8	42.2	3820.1	22.7	34.4	0.0	0.0
August	314.1	1223.9	103.2	3923.3	14.3	48.7	0.0	0.0
September	207.3	1431.2	194.5	4117.8	3.4	52.1	0.0	0.0
October	13.1	1444.3	527.6	4645.4	0.0	52.1	0.0	0.0
November	0.0	1444.3	731.9	5377.3	0.0	52.1	0.0	0.0
December	0.0	1444.3	1002.4	6379.7	0.0	52.1	0.0	0.0



Growing Degree-days Monthly



Growing Degree-days Annual

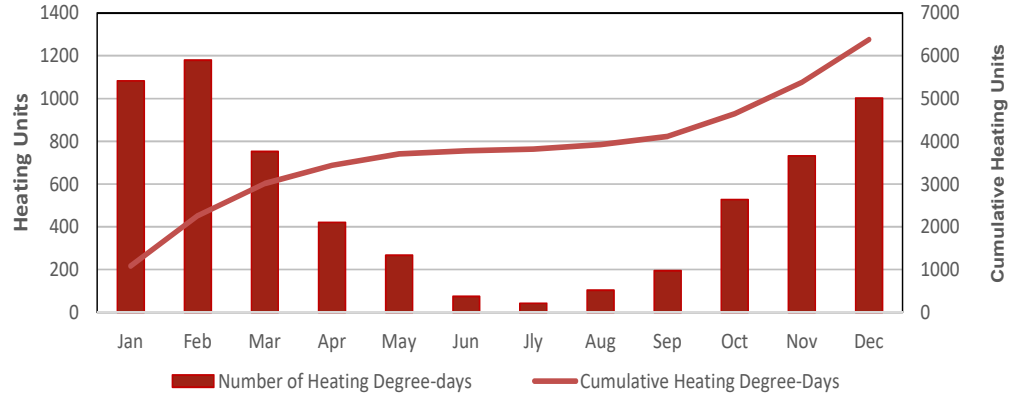


Growing Degree-days May 1 to September 30 base 5C

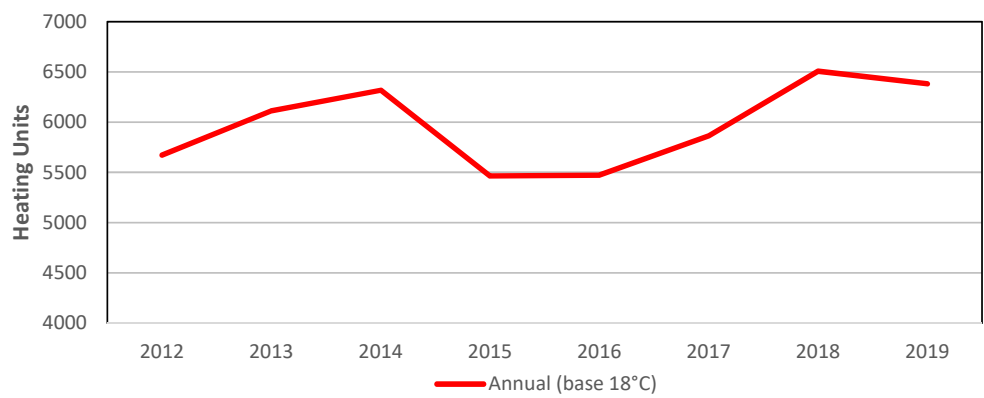
Growing Degree-days in Frost Free Period base 5C

DEGREE-DAYS

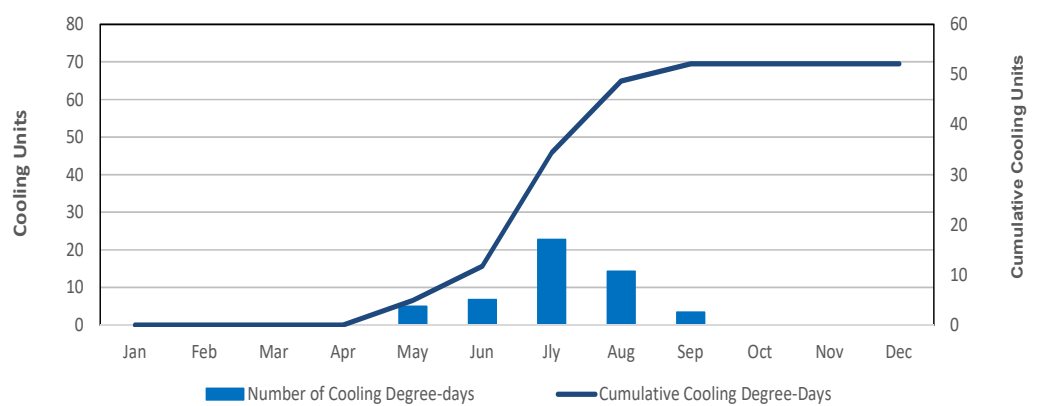
Heating Degree-days Monthly



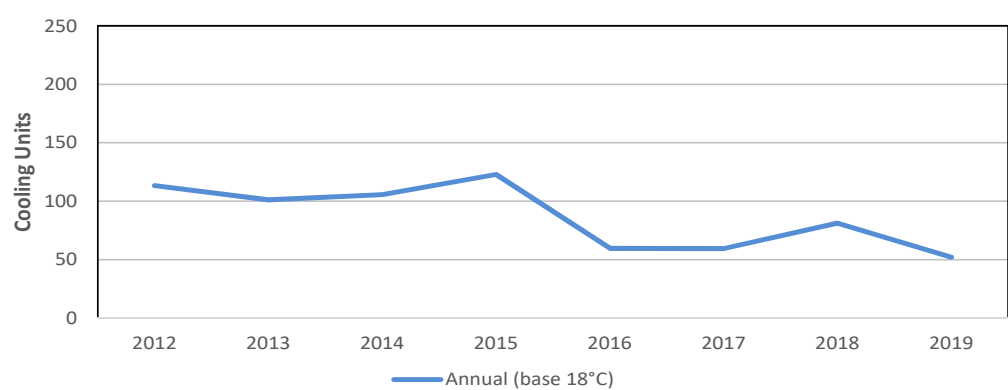
Heating Degree-days Annual



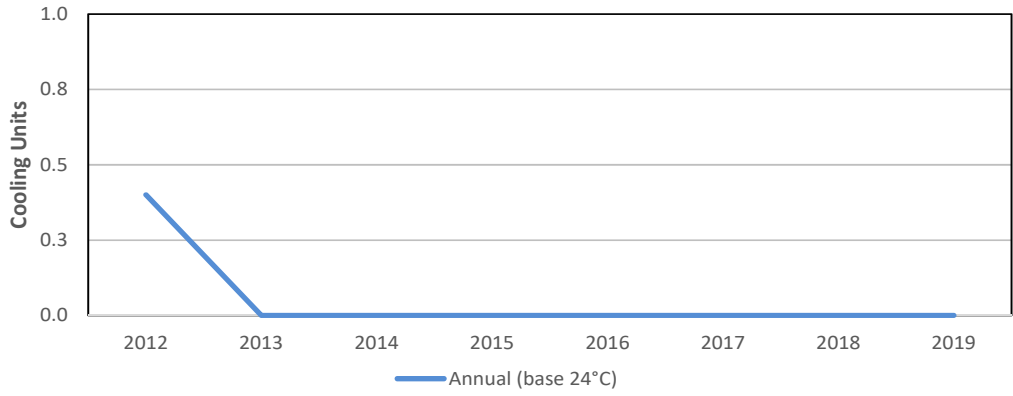
Cooling Degree-days Monthly



Cooling Degree-days Annual



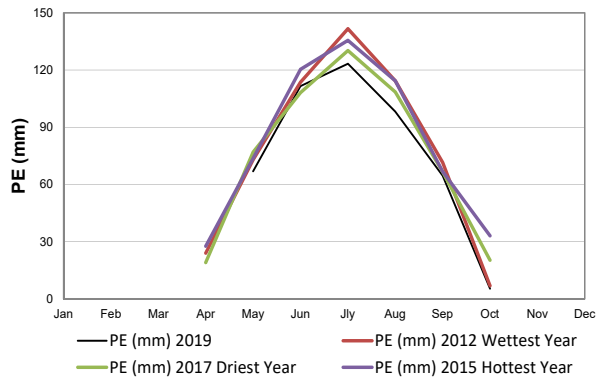
DEGREE-DAYS



**Extreme Cooling
Degree-days
Annual**

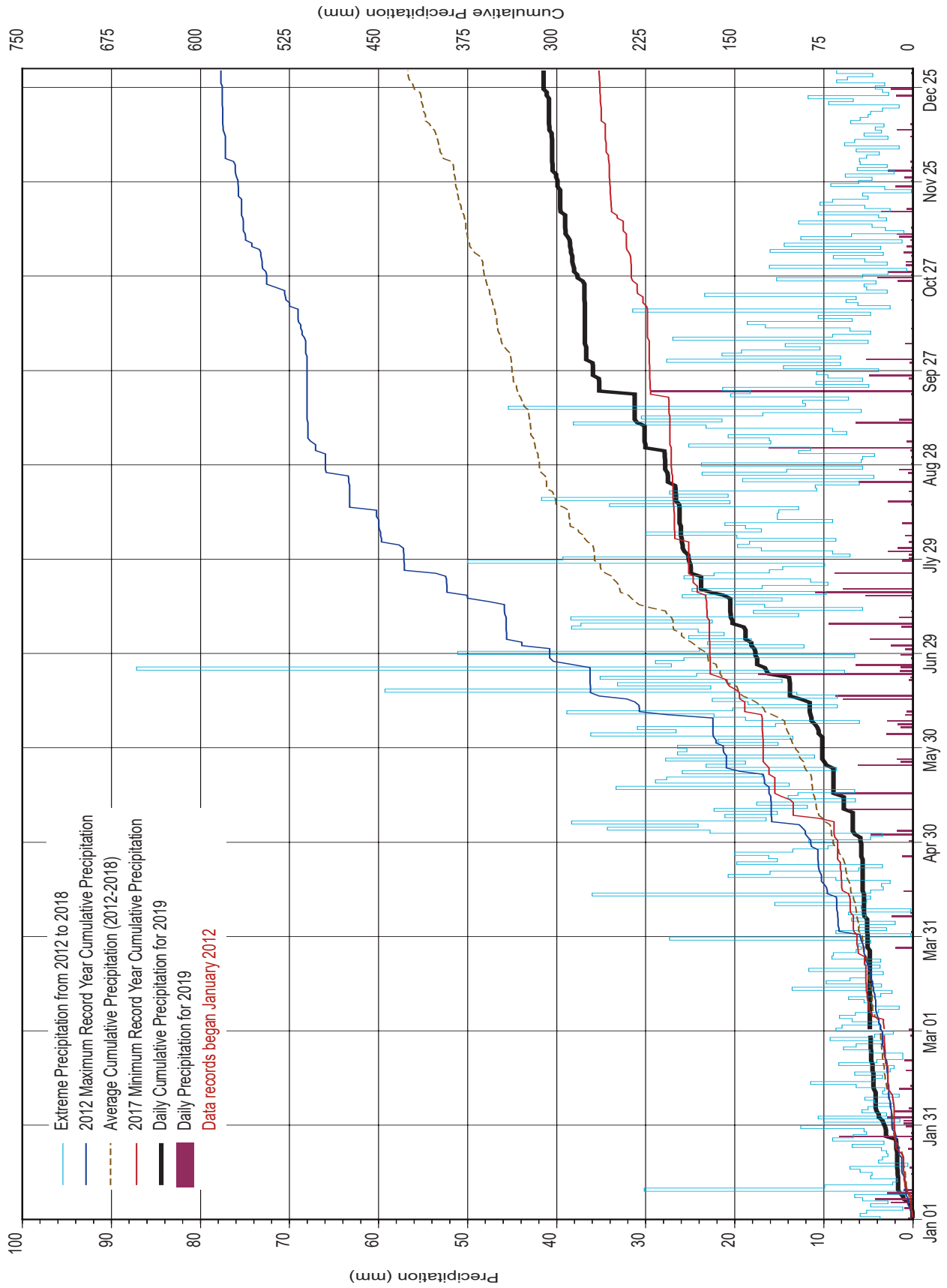
POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (PE) using the Thornthwaite Method¹

MONTH	PE (mm) 2019	PE (mm) 2012 Wettest Year	PE (mm) 2017 Driest Year	PE (mm) 2015 Hottest Year
Jan				
Feb				
Mar				
Apr		24.0	19.0	27.6
May	66.9	73.0	76.9	73.6
June	111.6	113.6	108.2	120.4
July	123.3	141.7	130.2	135.6
Aug	98.2	114.4	108.5	114.4
Sept	64.6	71.5	66.7	66.7
Oct	5.3	6.8	20.2	33.1
Nov				
Dec				
Total	469.8	545.0	529.7	571.4



¹Thornthwaite and Mather 1955
Thornthwaite 1948

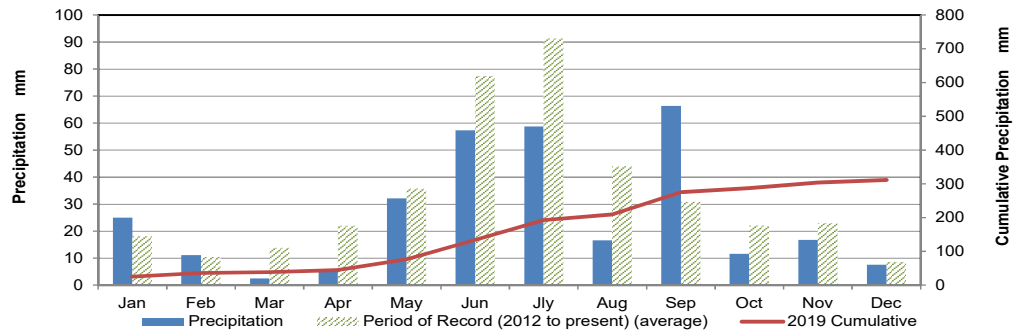
DAILY PRECIPITATION



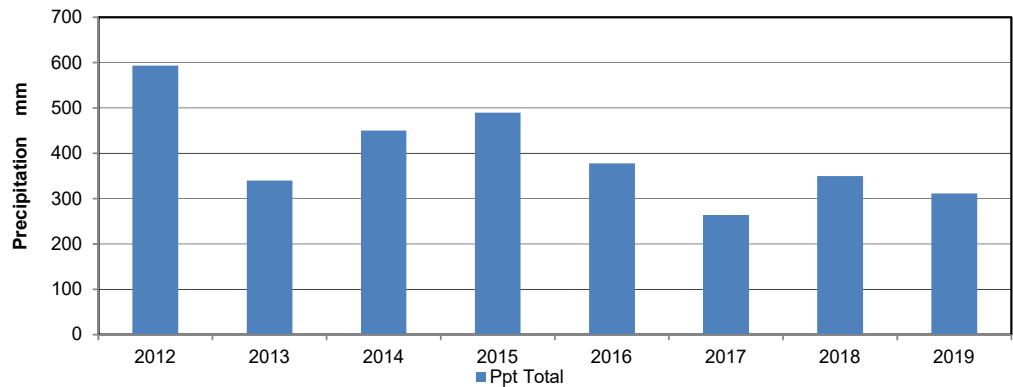
PRECIPITATION

MONTH	MONTHLY PRECIPITATION (mm)		EXTREME VALUES (mm) (2012-2018)			
	2019	Cumulative 2019	Monthly Maximum		Monthly Minimum	
			Year	Amount	Year	Amount
January	25.0	25.0	2013	26.0	2014	8.9
February	11.1	36.1	2015	18.3	2018	4.7
March	2.5	38.6	2018	25.7	2015	6.5
April	5.9	44.5	2014	52.5	2016	4.6
May	32.1	76.6	2012	79.4	2013	7.2
June	57.3	133.9	2012	137.6	2015	39.8
July	58.7	192.6	2015	175.9	2017	17.6
August	16.6	209.2	2016	79.5	2013	3.4
September	66.3	275.5	2015	62.1	2014	7.6
October	11.6	287.1	2016	58.2	2013	5.6
November	16.7	303.8	2013	34.6	2016	11.7
December	7.6	311.4	2013	15.1	2015	2.4
Total	311.4		2012	580.1	2017	264.4

Monthly



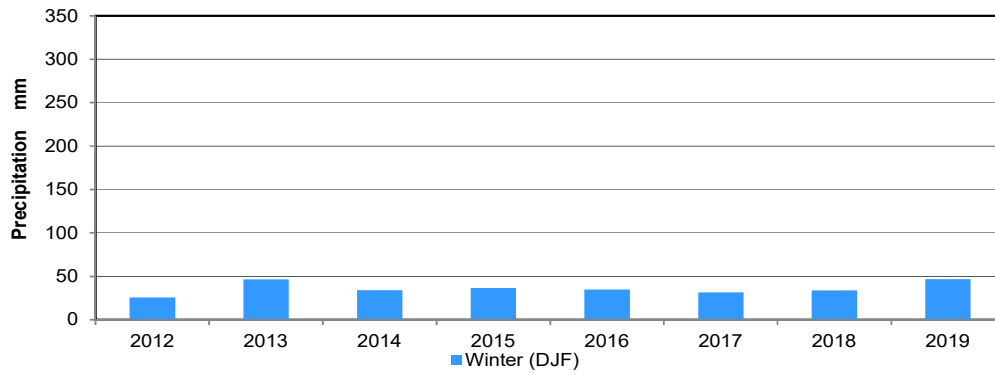
Annual



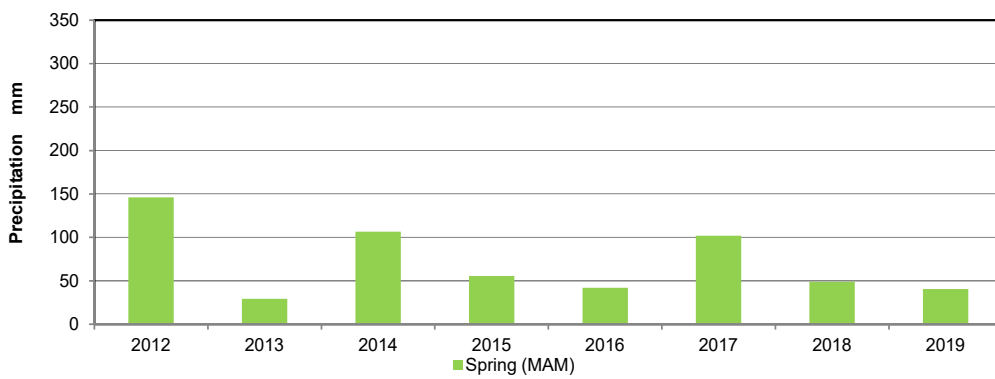
PRECIPITATION

SEASONAL PRECIPITATION (mm)

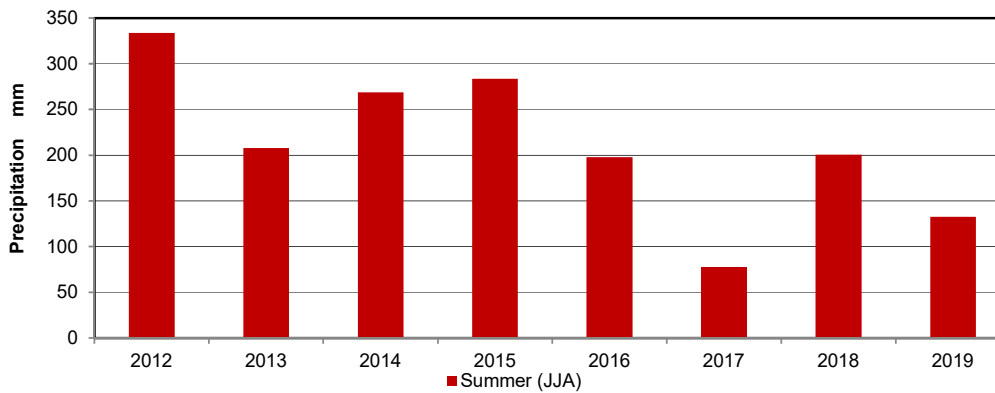
Winter



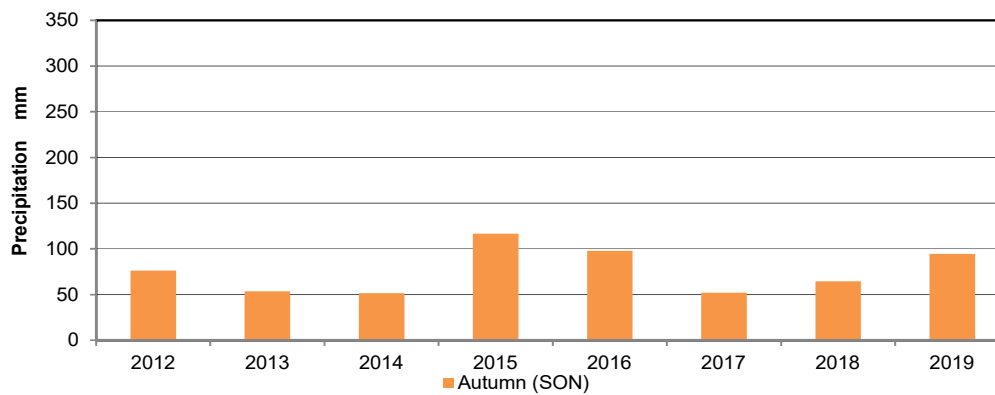
Spring



Summer



Autumn

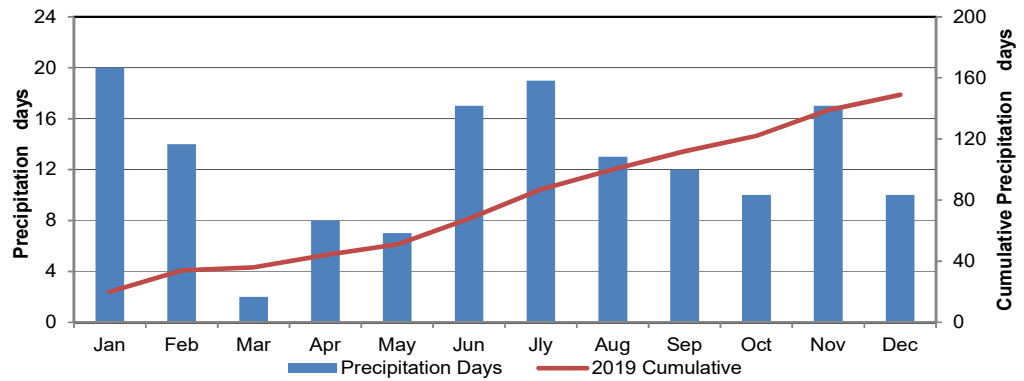


PRECIPITATION

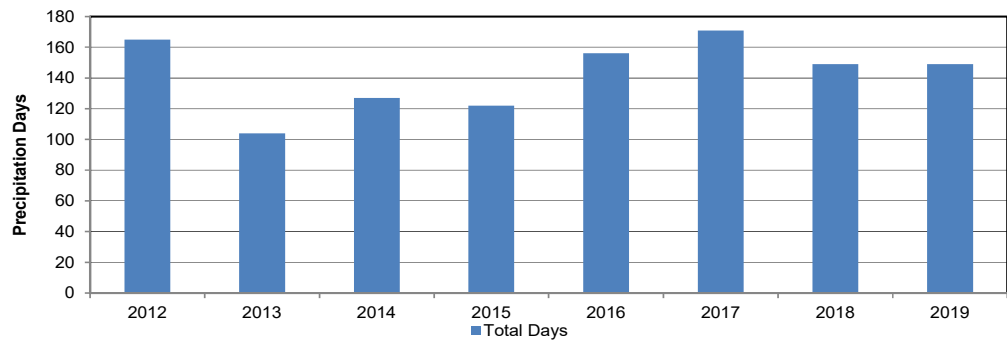
PRECIPITATION DAYS

MONTH	NUMBER OF DAYS WITH MEASURABLE PRECIPITATION		EXTREME VALUES (2012-2018)			
	2019	CUMULATIVE 2019	Monthly Maximum		Monthly Minimum	
			Year	Days	Year	Days
January	20	20	2017	19	2014	8
February	14	34	2016	18	2014	6
March	2	36	2012	19	2013	3
April	8	44	2012	17	2013	4
May	7	51	2012	18	2013	3
June	17	68	2017	18	2015	12
July	19	87	2016	19	2011	0
August	13	100	2012	17	2011	0
September	12	112	2018	18	2011	0
October	10	122	2016	18	2013	4
November	17	139	2014	21	2015	10
December	10	149	2016	17	2015	6
Total	149		2012	178	2013	92

Monthly Days



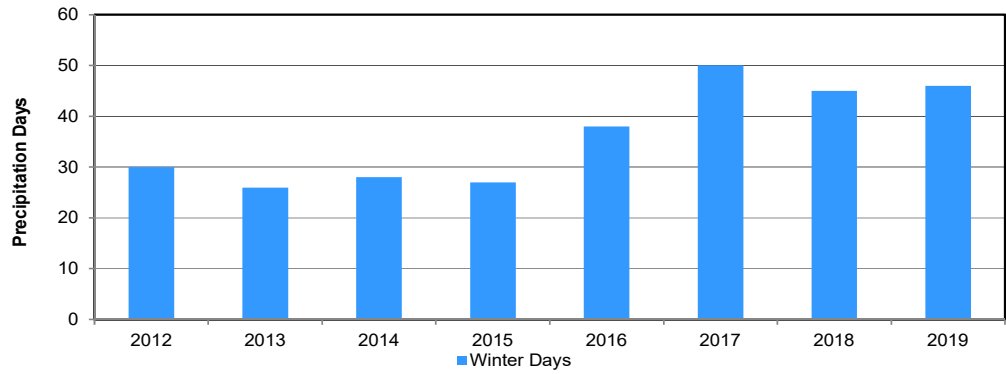
Annual Days



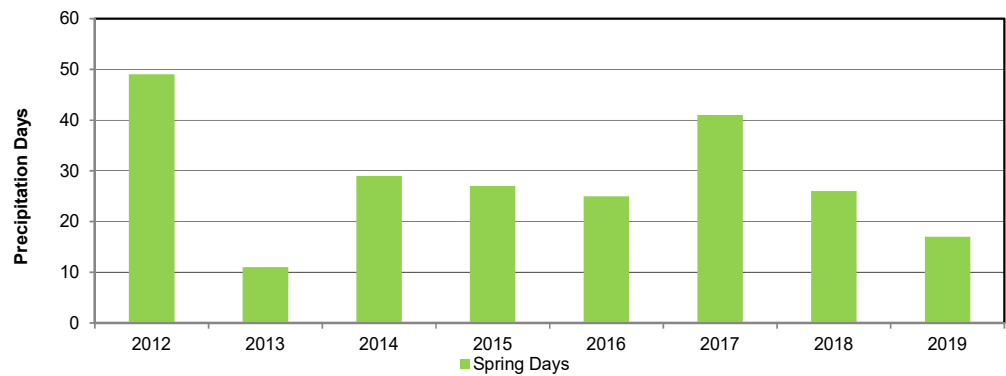
PRECIPITATION

SEASONAL PRECIPITATION DAYS

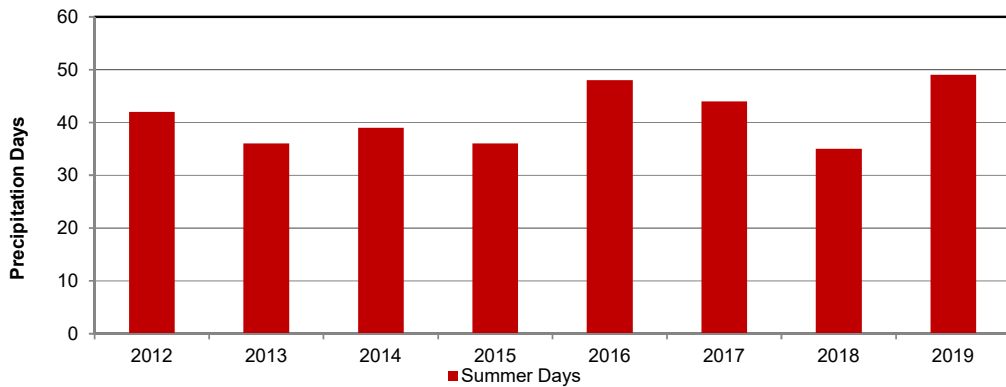
Winter Days



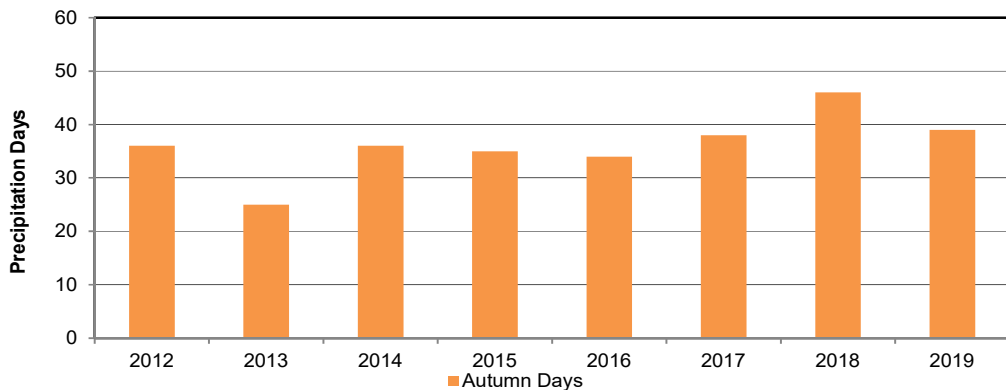
Spring Days



Summer Days



Autumn Days



PRECIPITATION

PRECIPITATION RANKINGS

RANKING BY WETTEST YEAR (mm)									
ANNUAL (JAN-DEC)		WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2012	593.5	2019	46.8	2012	146.0	2012	333.8	2015	116.6
2015	489.5	2013	46.5	2014	106.6	2015	283.4	2016	97.9
2014	450.2	2015	36.4	2017	102.1	2014	268.8	2019	94.6
2016	377.6	2016	34.8	2015	55.4	2013	207.6	2012	75.9
2018	349.5	2014	33.9	2018	49.0	2018	200.6	2018	64.4
2013	340.0	2018	33.5	2016	42.2	2016	197.8	2013	53.6
2019	311.4	2017	31.4	2019	40.5	2019	132.6	2017	52.0
2017	264.4	2012*	25.6	2013	29.4	2017	78.6	2014	51.3

Winter 2012* missing December 2011 data

ANNUAL RANKING BY DAYS WITH PRECIPITATION									
ANNUAL (JAN-DEC)		WINTER (DJF)		SPRING (MAM)		SUMMER (JJA)		AUTUMN (SON)	
2017	171	2017	50	2012	49	2019	49	2018	46
2012	165	2019	46	2017	41	2016	48	2019	41
2016	156	2018	45	2014	29	2017	44	2017	38
2018	149	2016	38	2015	27	2012	42	2012	36
2019	149	2012*	30	2018	26	2014	39	2014	36
2014	127	2014	28	2016	25	2013	36	2015	35
2015	122	2015	27	2019	17	2018	35	2016	34
2013	104	2013	26	2013	11	2015	26	2013	25

Winter 2012* missing December 2011 data

RANKING BY DRIEST MONTH			
PRECIPITATION AMOUNT (mm)		PRECIPITATION DAYS	
MARCH	2.5	MARCH	2
APRIL	5.9	MAY	7
DECEMBER	7.6	APRIL	8
FEBRUARY	11.1	OCTOBER	10
OCTOBER	11.6	DECEMBER	10
AUGUST	16.6	SEPTEMBER	12
NOVEMBER	16.7	AUGUST	13
JANUARY	25.0	FEBRUARY	14
MAY	32.1	JUNE	17
JUNE	57.3	NOVEMBER	17
JULY	58.7	JULY	19
SEPTEMBER	66.3	JANUARY	20

RANKING BY					
Total Number of Dry Days*		Maximum Length of Dry Spell*		Maximum Length of Wet Spell*	
2013	261	2019	25	2015	9
2015	250	2012	21	2013	8
2014	239	2016	21	2014	7
2018	216	2014	17	2016	6
2019	214	2018	16	2017	6
2016	210	2013	15	2018	6
2012	200	2015	14	2019	6
2017	194	2017	9	2012	5

*For this report, a dry day is defined as a day on which precipitation is not recorded; a dry spell is 2+ consecutive days of no precipitation; a wet spell is 2+ consecutive days of precipitation.



All-season precipitation weighing gauge with anemometer at 2 meter height
 July 2019
 Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing

PRECIPITATION GRID (mm)

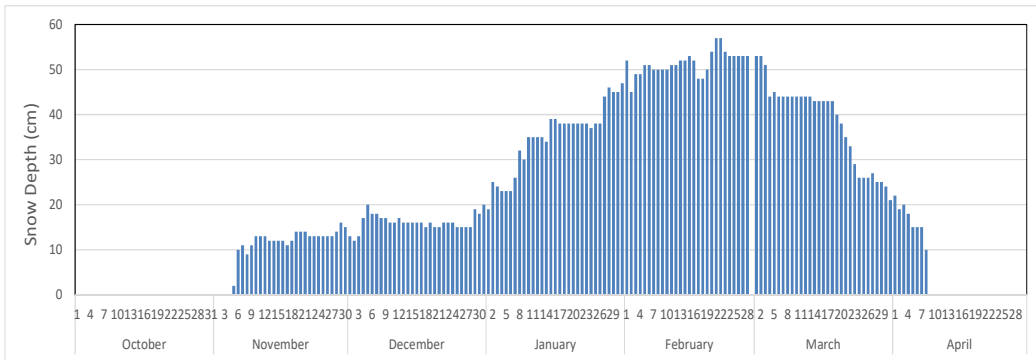
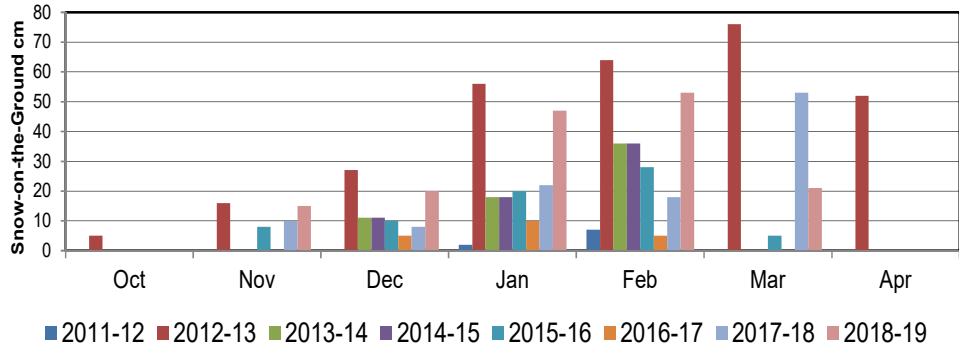
Precipitation Daily

2019	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.5	1.7	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	2.9	0.0	0.1	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.2	0.0	0.2	0.3
3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.0	4.9	0.5	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0
4	1.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.7	0.0
6	2.5	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	1.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	4.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.9	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1
8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0
9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0
10	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.3	0.7	1.6	0.0	6.5	0.2	0.0	0.3
11	0.1	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.1	0.2	0.0
12	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8
13	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0.1	0.1	0.0	1.1	0.0	7.9	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3
15	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.8	8.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
16	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	2.8	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0
17	0.4	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
18	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0
20	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	29.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
21	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.4	0.1	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	0.6	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9
24	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	6.2	1.4	8.8	0.0	0.5	0.0	2.0	0.0
25	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.4	6.5	0.0	0.6	5.0	1.7	0.0	2.5
26	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.0	4.0	0.2	0.0
27	8.3	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.0	0.0
28	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.2	0.2	0.0	2.7	0.1	0.0
29	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.8	0.0
30	0.8		0.0	0.5	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.2	5.3	0.8	0.2	0.2
31	1.1		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.0		0.8		0.0

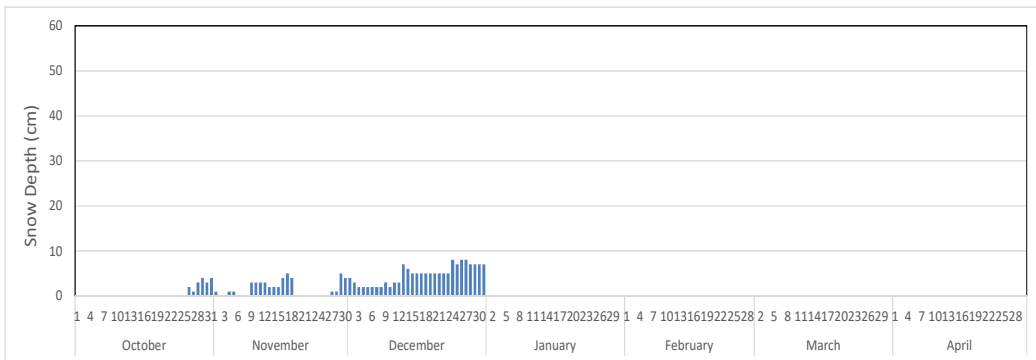
2019 EXTREME PRECIPITATION EVENTS		
PERIOD	DATE (time)	AMOUNT (mm)
0.5 hour*	9/20/2019 1:00-1:30 AM	11.0
	9/20/2019 1:30-2:00 AM	8.8
1 hour*	9/20/2019 1:00-2:00 AM	19.8
	7/8/2019 12:00-1:00 AM	7.0
2 hours*	9/20/2019 1:00-3:00 AM	23.6
	7/7/2019 11:00 PM - 7/8/2019 1:00 AM	7.0
6 hours*	9/19/2019 10:30 PM-9/20/2019 4:30AM	25.8
	9/2/2019 6:30-12:30 AM	14.6
12 hours*	9/19/2019 4:30 PM - 9/20/2019 4:30 AM	25.8
	9/2/2019 3:00 AM - 3:00 PM	14.8
24 hours*	9/19/2019 4:30 AM - 9/20/2019 4:30 AM	25.8
	9/1/2019 3:00 PM - 9/2/2019 3:00 PM	14.8
Calendar Day	9/20/2019	29.5
	6/22/2020	17.4
Greatest amount over more than one day	September 19 to September 20	29.7
Longest wet spells	Jan 6 to Jan 11 (6 days)	11.1
	June 20 to June 25 (6 days)	27.6
	July 27 to August 1 (6 day)	6.8
Longest dry spells	March 2 to March 26 (25 days)	
	May 16 to May 23(8 days)	

*recorded by the tipping bucket gauge

SNOW-ON-THE-GROUND (SOG) ON LAST DAY OF MONTH



*Snow-on-the-Ground (cm)
October 2018 to April 2019
Daily, 9am*



*Snow-on-the-Ground (cm)
October 2019 to December 2019
Daily, 9am*

RADIATION

Sunrise/Sunset Tables for Conservation Learning Centre, 2019 & 2020¹

2019 DATE	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET
1	9:17	16:57	8:46	17:47	7:50	18:41	6:37	19:38	5:30	20:31	4:44	21:19	4:41	21:32	5:21	20:57	6:13	19:52	7:04	18:40	8:01	17:32	8:54	16:50
2	9:16	16:58	8:45	17:49	7:48	18:43	6:35	19:40	5:28	20:33	4:43	21:20	4:42	21:32	5:22	20:55	6:14	19:50	7:06	18:38	8:03	17:30	8:55	16:50
3	9:16	16:59	8:44	17:51	7:46	18:45	6:32	19:42	5:26	20:35	4:42	21:21	4:43	21:31	5:24	20:54	6:16	19:48	7:08	18:36	8:04	17:28	8:56	16:49
4	9:16	17:00	8:41	17:53	7:43	18:47	6:30	19:43	5:24	20:37	4:41	21:22	4:44	21:31	5:25	20:52	6:18	19:45	7:09	18:33	8:06	17:26	8:58	16:49
5	9:15	17:02	8:40	17:55	7:41	18:49	6:28	19:45	5:22	20:38	4:41	21:23	4:45	21:30	5:27	20:50	6:20	19:43	7:11	18:31	8:08	17:25	8:59	16:48
6	9:15	17:03	8:38	17:57	7:39	18:51	6:25	19:47	5:21	20:40	4:40	21:24	4:46	21:30	5:29	20:48	6:21	19:40	7:13	18:28	8:10	17:23	9:00	16:48
7	9:15	17:04	8:36	17:59	7:36	18:53	6:23	19:49	5:19	20:42	4:39	21:25	4:47	21:29	5:30	20:46	6:23	19:38	7:15	18:26	8:12	17:21	9:02	16:47
8	9:14	17:06	8:34	18:01	7:34	18:54	6:21	19:50	5:17	20:43	4:38	21:26	4:48	21:28	5:32	20:44	6:25	19:36	7:17	18:24	8:14	17:19	9:03	16:47
9	9:13	17:07	8:32	18:03	7:32	18:56	6:18	19:52	5:15	20:45	4:38	21:27	4:49	21:27	5:34	20:42	6:26	19:33	7:18	18:21	8:16	17:18	9:04	16:47
10	9:13	17:09	8:30	18:05	7:29	18:58	6:16	19:54	5:13	20:47	4:38	21:28	4:50	21:27	5:35	20:40	6:28	19:31	7:20	18:19	8:18	17:16	9:05	16:46
11	9:12	17:10	8:28	18:07	7:27	19:00	6:14	19:56	5:12	20:49	4:37	21:28	4:51	21:26	5:37	20:38	6:30	19:28	7:22	18:17	8:19	17:14	9:06	16:46
12	9:11	17:12	8:27	18:09	7:25	19:02	6:11	19:58	5:10	20:50	4:37	21:29	4:52	21:25	5:39	20:36	6:32	19:26	7:24	18:15	8:21	17:13	9:07	16:46
13	9:11	17:13	8:25	18:11	7:22	19:04	6:09	19:59	5:08	20:52	4:37	21:30	4:53	21:24	5:40	20:34	6:33	19:24	7:26	18:12	8:23	17:11	9:08	16:46
14	9:10	17:15	8:23	18:13	7:20	19:06	6:07	20:01	5:07	20:53	4:37	21:30	4:54	21:23	5:42	20:32	6:35	19:21	7:27	18:10	8:25	17:10	9:09	16:46
15	9:09	17:17	8:21	18:15	7:18	19:07	6:04	20:03	5:05	20:55	4:37	21:31	4:56	21:22	5:44	20:30	6:37	19:19	7:29	18:08	8:27	17:08	9:10	16:46
16	9:08	17:18	8:18	18:17	7:15	19:09	6:02	20:05	5:03	20:57	4:36	21:31	4:57	21:21	5:46	20:28	6:38	19:16	7:31	18:06	8:29	17:07	9:11	16:46
17	9:07	17:20	8:16	18:18	7:13	19:11	6:00	20:07	5:02	20:58	4:36	21:32	4:58	21:19	5:47	20:26	6:40	19:14	7:33	18:03	8:30	17:05	9:12	16:47
18	9:06	17:22	8:14	18:20	7:10	19:13	5:58	20:08	5:00	21:00	4:36	21:32	5:00	21:18	5:49	20:24	6:42	19:12	7:35	18:01	8:32	17:04	9:13	16:47
19	9:05	17:23	8:12	18:22	7:08	19:15	5:55	20:10	4:59	21:01	4:36	21:33	5:01	21:17	5:51	20:22	6:43	19:09	7:36	17:59	8:34	17:03	9:13	16:47
20	9:04	17:25	8:10	18:24	7:06	19:16	5:53	20:12	4:57	21:03	4:36	21:33	5:02	21:16	5:52	20:19	6:45	19:07	7:38	17:57	8:36	17:01	9:14	16:47
21	9:02	17:27	8:08	18:26	7:03	19:18	5:51	20:14	4:56	21:04	4:37	21:33	5:04	21:14	5:54	20:17	6:47	19:04	7:40	17:55	8:37	17:00	9:14	16:48
22	9:01	17:29	8:06	18:28	7:01	19:20	5:49	20:15	4:55	21:06	4:37	21:33	5:05	21:13	5:56	20:15	6:49	19:02	7:42	17:52	8:39	16:59	9:15	16:48
23	9:00	17:30	8:04	18:30	6:59	19:22	5:47	20:17	4:53	21:07	4:37	21:33	5:07	21:12	5:57	20:13	6:50	19:00	7:44	17:50	8:41	16:58	9:15	16:49
24	8:59	17:32	8:01	18:32	6:56	19:24	5:45	20:19	4:52	21:09	4:38	21:33	5:08	21:10	5:59	20:11	6:52	18:57	7:46	17:48	8:43	16:57	9:16	16:50
25	8:57	17:34	7:59	18:34	6:54	19:25	5:43	20:21	4:51	21:10	4:38	21:33	5:10	21:09	6:01	20:08	6:54	18:55	7:48	17:46	8:44	16:56	9:16	16:50
26	8:56	17:36	7:57	18:36	6:51	19:27	5:40	20:23	4:50	21:11	4:38	21:33	5:11	21:07	6:03	20:06	6:56	18:52	7:49	17:44	8:46	16:55	9:16	16:51
27	8:54	17:38	7:55	18:38	6:49	19:29	5:38	20:24	4:49	21:13	4:39	21:33	5:13	21:06	6:04	20:04	6:57	18:50	7:51	17:42	8:47	16:54	9:16	16:52
28	8:53	17:40	7:53	18:40	6:47	19:31	5:36	20:26	4:47	21:14	4:40	21:33	5:14	21:04	6:06	20:01	6:59	18:47	7:53	17:40	8:49	16:53	9:17	16:53
29	8:51	17:42	7:51	18:41	6:44	19:33	5:34	20:28	4:46	21:15	4:40	21:33	5:16	21:02	6:08	19:59	7:01	18:45	7:55	17:38	8:51	16:52	9:17	16:54
30	8:50	17:44	7:50	18:41	6:42	19:34	5:32	20:30	4:45	21:17	4:41	21:32	5:17	21:01	6:09	19:57	7:02	18:43	7:57	17:36	8:52	16:51	9:17	16:55
31	8:48	17:45	7:48	18:42	6:39	19:36	5:30	20:32	4:45	21:18	4:42	21:32	5:19	20:59	6:11	19:55	7:04	18:41	7:59	17:34	8:53	16:51	9:17	16:56

2020 DATE	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET	RISE	SET
1	9:17	16:57	8:47	17:47	7:49	18:43	6:35	19:39	5:29	20:33	4:43	21:20	4:42	21:32	5:22	20:56	6:14	19:50	7:06	18:39	8:02	17:31	8:55	16:50
2	9:16	16:58	8:45	17:49	7:46	18:45	6:33	19:41	5:27	20:34	4:42	21:21	4:43	21:31	5:23	20:54	6:16	19:48	7:07	18:36	8:04	17:29	8:56	16:49
3	9:16	16:59	8:44	17:51	7:44	18:47	6:31	19:43	5:25	20:36	4:41	21:22	4:44	21:31	5:25	20:52	6:18	19:46	7:09	18:34	8:06	17:27	8:57	16:49
4	9:16	17:00	8:42	17:53	7:42	18:48	6:28	19:45	5:23	20:38	4:41	21:23	4:45	21:30	5:27	20:50	6:19	19:43	7:11	18:31	8:08	17:25	8:59	16:48
5	9:16	17:01	8:40	17:55	7:39	18:50	6:26	19:46	5:21	20:40	4:40	21:24	4:45	21:30	5:28	20:49	6:21	19:41	7:13	18:29	8:10	17:23	9:00	16:48
6	9:15	17:03	8:38	17:57	7:37	18:52	6:23	19:48	5:19	20:41	4:39	21:25	4:46	21:29	5:30	20:47	6:23	19:39	7:14	18:27	8:11	17:21	9:01	16:47
7	9:15	17:04	8:36	17:59	7:35	18:54	6:21	19:50	5:17	20:43	4:39	21:26	4:47	21:28	5:32	20:45	6:24	19:36	7:16	18:24	8:13	17:20	9:03	16:47
8	9:14	17:05	8:35	18:01	7:32	18:56	6:19	19:52	5:15	20:45	4:38	21:27	4:48	21:28	5:33	20:43	6:26	19:34	7:18	18:22	8:15	17:18	9:04	16:47
9	9:14	17:07	8:33	18:02	7:30	18:58	6:16	19:54	5:14	20:46	4:38	21:27	4:49	21:27	5:35	20:41	6:28	19:31	7:20	18:20	8:17	17:16	9:05	16:46
10	9:13	17:08	8:31	18:04	7:28	19:00	6:14	19:55	5:12	20:48	4:38	21:28	4:51	21:26	5:37	20:39	6:29	19:29	7:21	18:17	8:19	17:15	9:06	16:46
11	9:12	17:10	8:29	18:06	7:25	19:01	6:12	19:57	5:10	20:50	4:37	21:29	4:52	21:25	5:38	20:37	6:31	19:27	7:23	18:15	8:21	17:13	9:07	16:46
12	9:12	17:11	8:27	18:08	7:23	19:03	6:10	19:59	5:09	20:51	4:37	21:30	4:53	21:24	5:40	20:35	6:33	19:24	7:25	18:13	8:23	17:11	9:08	16:46
13	9:11	17:13	8:25	18:10	7:21	19:05	6:07	20:01	5:07	20:53	4:37	21:30	4:54	21:23	5:42	20:33	6:35	19:22	7:27	18:11	8:24	17:10	9:09	16:46
14	9:10	17:15	8:23	18:12	7:18	19:07	6:05	20:03	5:05	20:55	4:37	21:31	4:55	21:22	5:43	20:31	6:36	19:19	7:29	18:08	8:26	17:08	9:10	16:46
15	9:09	17:16	8:21	18:14	7:16	19:09	6:03	20:04	5:04	20:56	4:36	21:31	4:57	21:21	5:45	20:29	6:38	19:17	7:31	18:06	8:28	17:07	9:11	16:46
16	9:08	17:18	8:19	18:16	7:13	19:11	6:00	20:06	5:02	20:58	4:36	21:32	4:58	21:20	5:47	20:26	6:40	19:15	7:32	18:04	8:30	17:06	9:12	16:46
17	9:07	17:19	8:17	18:18	7:11	19:12	5:58	20:08	5:01	20:59														

RADIATION

MONTH	BRIGHT SUNSHINE (HOURS)				BRIGHT SUNSHINE DAYS				
	2019	POSSIBLE SUNSHINE*	% OF POSSIBLE	2019 CUMULATIVE HOURS	2019 NUMBER OF DAYS	2019 CUMULATIVE DAYS	2019 WITH 1 OR MORE HOURS	2019 WITH 5 OR MORE HOURS	2019 WITH 10 OR MORE HOURS
JAN	83.8	254.9	32.9	83.8	20	20	14	11	0
FEB	175.7	276.6	63.5	259.5	26	46	24	18	2
MAR	284.4	368.9	77.1	543.9	31	77	29	27	20
APR	271.4	420.0	64.6	815.3	29	106	28	25	14
MAY	314.4	491.4	64.0	1129.7	31	137	31	26	17
JUNE	274.2	505.3	54.3	1403.9	29	166	29	26	14
JULY	299.4	506.7	59.1	1703.3	31	197	31	28	15
AUG	291.0	455.5	63.9	1994.3	31	228	31	29	13
SEP	177.4	380.0	46.7	2171.7	25	253	22	18	7
OCT	149.7	328.1	45.6	2321.4	26	279	21	17	3
NOV	75.0	260.8	28.8	2396.4	20	299	15	7	0
DEC	85.4	237.5	36.0	2481.8	20	319	17	10	0
TOTAL	2481.8	4485.9	636.3		319		292	242	105

* National Research Council, Canada, Hertzberg Institute of Astrophysics

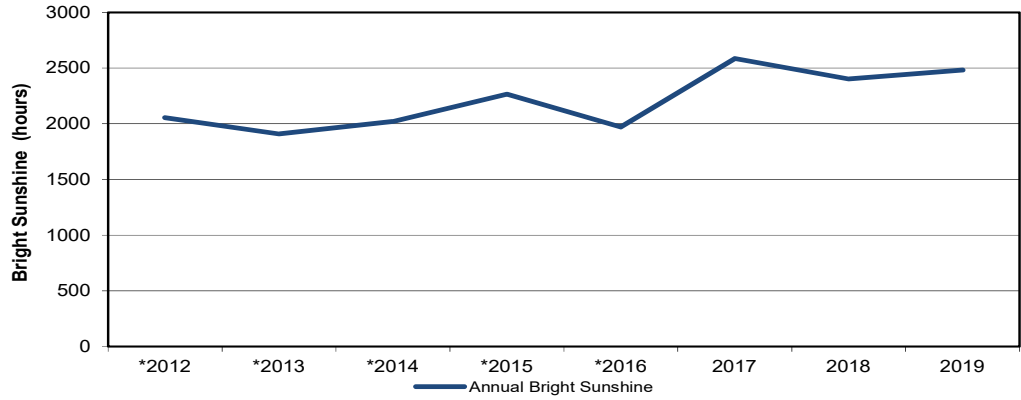
Global and Diffuse Radiation (MJ/m²)

DATE	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER	
	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse	Global	Diffuse
1	1.6	1.5	3.8	3.6	11.1	7.0	13.3	7.4	21.0	6.9	24.2	10.2	24.4	5.6	18.8	7.3	14.5	5.4	9.3	5.0	3.8	3.4	2.0	1.9
2	1.7	1.6	3.7	3.4	12.5	4.7	15.7	6.4	10.3	7.4	20.1	9.8	14.9	7.7	24.5	4.7	2.2	2.0	10.0	2.9	7.0	1.9	3.7	2.4
3	3.9	1.4	4.7	4.0	10.4	7.9	15.2	7.3	8.6	7.2	21.4	11.0	19.6	9.6	19.0	9.0	17.1	4.7	9.6	5.9	1.8	1.6	3.9	0.8
4	1.5	1.4	5.1	4.4	11.0	4.7	16.9	5.9	18.9	9.0	28.2	5.5	24.5	10.0	23.0	6.9	8.9	6.2	3.4	3.1	4.8	3.6	2.3	2.1
5	2.2	2.0	8.4	2.1	13.8	4.5	18.3	4.7	11.9	9.1	28.9	4.6	24.7	9.5	19.1	7.5	13.0	6.2	9.8	3.0	4.3	3.2	2.3	2.1
6	1.4	1.3	7.5	3.1	14.0	5.6	3.8	3.5	25.0	5.9	14.6	10.3	24.2	7.4	13.2	8.5	19.0	3.0	11.5	2.9	5.8	3.0	4.7	1.2
7	2.2	2.1	8.9	3.4	15.2	7.4	11.6	7.2	24.8	5.4	16.5	10.6	22.8	8.7	24.6	5.5	14.4	6.9	10.3	4.3	6.8	3.0	1.6	1.4
8	4.2	0.9	8.3	4.1	14.5	7.8	18.4	4.4	28.2	3.3	20.3	10.7	12.8	9.1	23.9	4.8	10.3	8.0	3.9	3.6	2.9	2.7	5.2	1.3
9	2.1	2.0	9.9	4.7	14.6	8.4	11.0	9.4	21.4	9.5	17.6	8.6	26.7	6.2	19.2	7.3	3.5	3.1	11.2	2.7	4.5	2.7	3.7	1.1
10	2.6	2.4	9.1	5.4	16.2	10.0	23.0	2.8	11.8	7.1	22.0	7.2	22.4	12.7	23.9	4.8	5.4	4.9	12.2	2.6	5.3	3.7	5.1	1.1
11	3.0	2.6	4.9	4.4	12.7	5.6	21.8	4.6	15.2	8.9	24.5	8.4	16.5	9.6	23.4	4.7	3.2	2.9	12.1	2.2	7.5	1.5	3.0	1.8
12	3.9	1.8	9.9	4.1	9.8	8.5	22.6	4.8	15.6	10.9	22.6	12.0	27.8	5.9	19.8	8.4	6.3	5.7	12.2	1.8	3.8	3.3	2.4	2.1
13	3.0	2.6	10.1	4.3	14.9	3.3	21.5	4.1	27.5	4.8	11.2	8.7	22.0	8.9	19.8	7.6	17.0	2.5	11.1	3.0	4.1	3.3	5.3	1.1
14	2.4	2.3	11.2	4.7	16.4	2.6	6.9	5.9	23.5	5.9	13.0	7.5	23.9	6.7	15.9	7.8	14.8	5.4	4.1	3.8	5.0	1.7	5.0	1.1
15	4.8	0.9	10.0	4.9	15.2	8.1	11.5	7.1	7.8	5.6	6.0	5.3	24.4	7.4	21.5	5.3	14.5	4.9	3.8	3.5	3.0	2.8	3.6	1.0
16	2.9	2.7	6.6	4.5	16.3	2.4	19.1	4.1	26.5	5.7	16.5	12.4	17.7	8.4	13.1	8.9	14.4	4.9	8.2	3.3	2.0	1.9	2.6	1.6
17	6.8	1.2	7.0	6.1	16.3	3.5	14.2	7.7	28.5	4.8	27.7	4.7	12.5	8.3	10.4	8.5	11.7	5.4	6.4	3.9	3.5	3.0	2.1	1.9
18	5.2	2.0	12.1	8.4	16.3	2.3	21.7	4.4	29.0	3.9	25.1	8.0	10.3	6.9	21.1	7.8	15.6	3.2	7.9	3.5	2.0	1.9	3.2	1.5
19	3.6	2.8	10.1	8.8	16.0	2.9	18.0	7.6	29.0	3.6	26.9	7.3	11.1	8.6	10.1	5.9	7.8	6.0	9.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.8
20	3.3	3.0	7.6	7.1	17.5	3.4	17.5	6.0	28.0	4.2	16.4	10.1	12.8	6.8	22.3	3.8	14.0	4.5	4.8	3.3	3.9	2.1	2.5	1.9
21	3.1	2.2	9.4	4.1	18.1	4.3	21.3	4.7	21.5	7.9	25.1	9.5	21.5	6.6	21.5	5.5	12.5	5.0	7.6	2.7	4.7	1.5	1.5	1.4
22	3.4	3.1	11.6	2.6	17.5	5.7	20.1	7.4	23.9	7.2	15.6	8.4	23.4	3.7	17.3	4.7	15.1	1.9	9.8	1.9	4.1	1.7	3.8	1.0
23	5.3	1.7	8.7	6.2	18.1	6.6	22.6	5.3	16.7	11.0	17.8	9.1	23.8	5.2	21.8	3.8	11.0	5.2	4.6	4.0	3.7	1.7	1.2	1.0
24	6.0	1.9	12.9	2.3	17.8	8.1	22.1	5.1	15.4	8.8	17.9	10.9	10.1	5.3	11.9	7.2	9.3	5.3	4.6	4.0	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.0
25	3.4	3.0	12.4	2.3	19.8	5.4	16.2	8.2	14.2	7.4	21.5	10.6	11.2	8.8	16.4	7.6	13.1	2.4	3.5	2.8	1.7	1.6	0.9	0.7
26	3.4	3.1	12.9	3.9	7.3	6.5	24.1	6.7	22.6	8.6	25.6	7.3	17.1	5.1	10.7	8.2	10.4	6.1	4.2	3.7	1.0	0.9	2.0	0.5
27	3.0	2.8	9.5	6.1	7.4	6.6	23.3	7.5	26.8	6.3	26.0	9.1	26.1	4.6	15.3	7.8	5.7	4.9	3.8	3.5	1.3	1.2	2.5	0.5
28	6.5	1.2	11.5	4.2	18.3	4.0	20.6	10.1	19.1	11.7	17.7	8.4	12.1	8.3	16.8	5.3	5.8	5.0	4.5	4.2	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.0
29	5.8	1.9			13.4	7.6	15.6	3.6	25.9	7.8	18.4	6.4	25.7	4.8	18.4	5.0	6.3	5.6	4.5	4.0	2.4	2.2	2.2	0.8
30	5.5	3.9			14.9	6.3	17.6	8.0	20.1	7.5	25.9	7.1	18.0	7.5	15.0	7.6	4.5	4.0	6.7	4.2	2.1	2.0	1.4	1.0
31	3.9	3.7			15.7	6.3			22.0	9.2			20.7	5.4	14.4	8.2			9.7	7.1			3.2	2.0
TOTAL	111.6	67.0	247.8	127.2	453.0	178.0	525.5	181.9	640.7	222.5	615.2	259.7	605.7	229.3	566.1	205.9	321.3	141.2	234.8	107.9	107.2	67.3	87.5	42.1

RADIATION

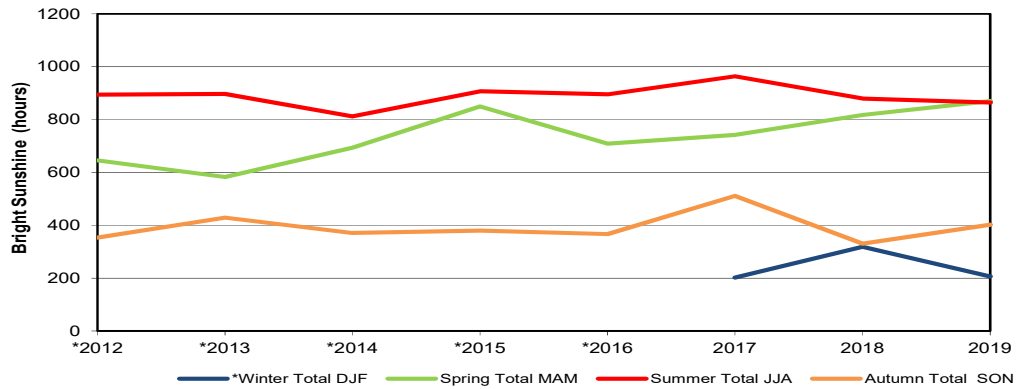
Annual Bright Sunshine Hours

Note: Winter bright sunshine is low for the 2012 to 2016 period due to instrument misalignment

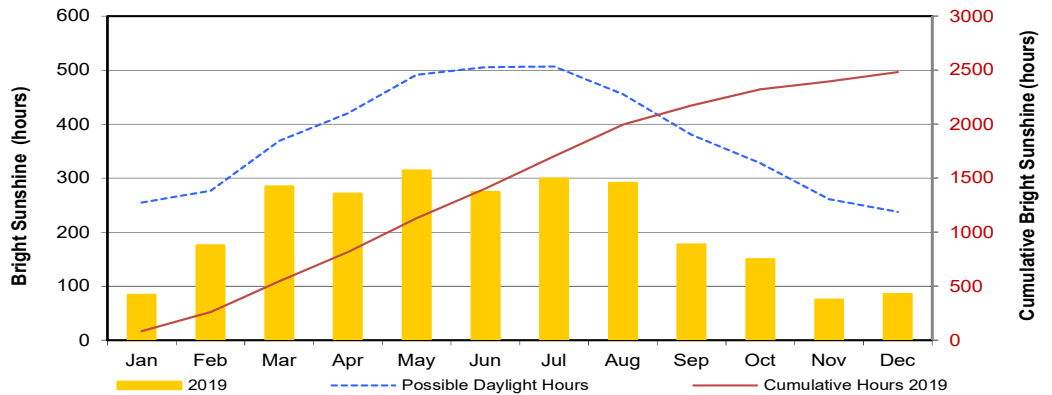


Seasonal Bright Sunshine Hours

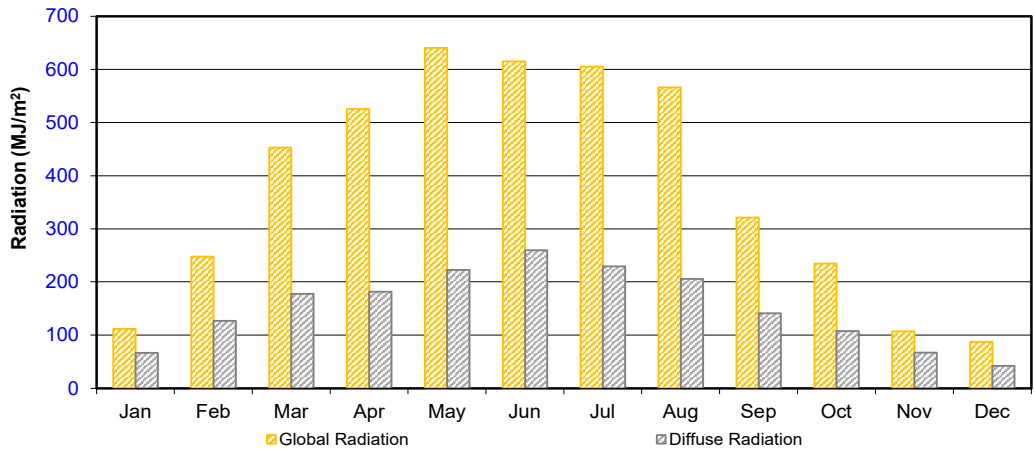
Note: Winter bright sunshine is low for the 2012 to 2016 period due to instrument misalignment



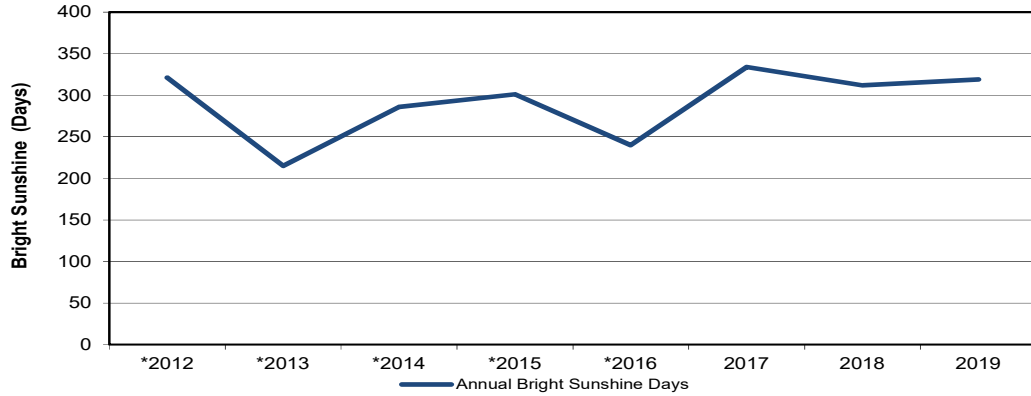
Monthly Bright Sunshine Hours



Global & Diffuse Radiation

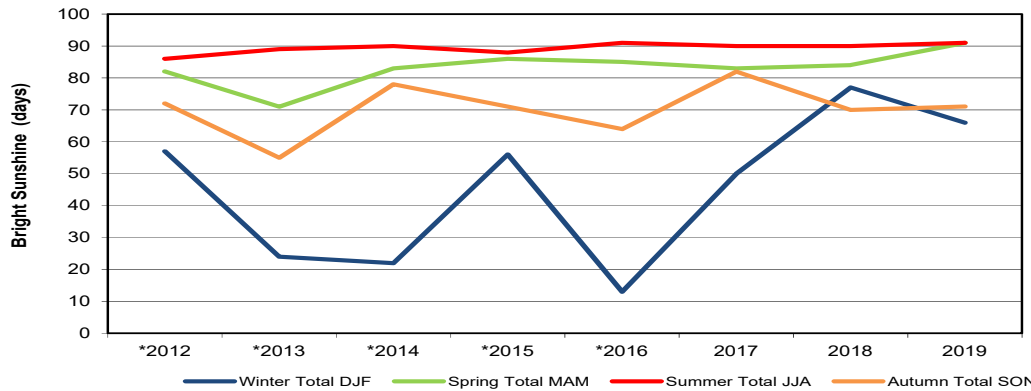


RADIATION



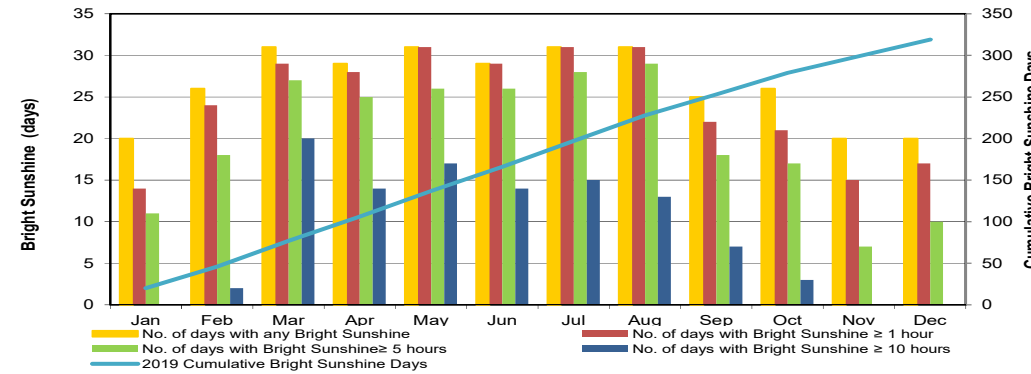
Annual Bright Sunshine Days

Note: Winter bright sunshine is low for the 2012 to 2016 period due to instrument misalignment



Seasonal Bright Sunshine Days

Note: Winter bright sunshine is low for the 2012 to 2016 period due to instrument misalignment



Monthly Bright Sunshine Days

Bright Sunshine Ranking

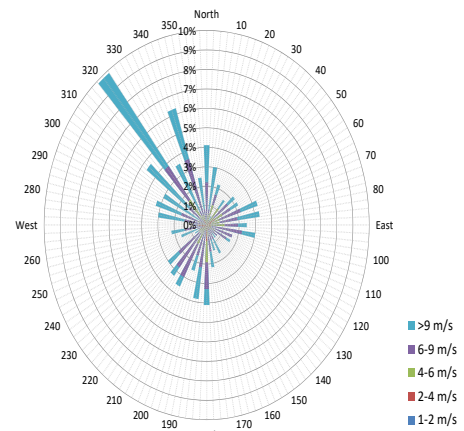
% OF ACTUAL TO POSSIBLE HOURS BRIGHT SUNSHINE				
% ANNUAL	WINTER % DJF	SPRING % MAM	SUMMER % JJA	AUTUMN % SON
2017	57.6	2018 41.4	2019 68.0	2017 65.7
2015	55.4	2019 26.9	2015 66.7	2015 62.3
2019	55.3	2017 26.2	2018 63.7	2013 61.2
2018	53.5	IF	2017 57.8	2016 61.1
2012	47.9	IF	2016 55.2	2012 61.0
2014	46.6	IF	2014 54.0	2018 60.0
2016	43.9	IF	2012 50.2	2019 58.9
2013	42.5	IF	2013 45.4	2014 55.3

DAYS WITH BRIGHT SUNSHINE				
ANNUAL	WINTER DJF	SPRING MAM	SUMMER JJA	AUTUMN SON
2017	334	2018 77	2019 91	2016 91
2012	321	2019 66	2015 86	2019 91
2019	319	2017 50	2016 85	2014 90
2018	312	IF	2018 84	2017 90
2015	301	IF	2014 83	2018 90
2014	286	IF	2017 83	2013 89
2016	240	IF	2012 82	2015 88
2013	215	IF	2013 71	2012 86

WIND

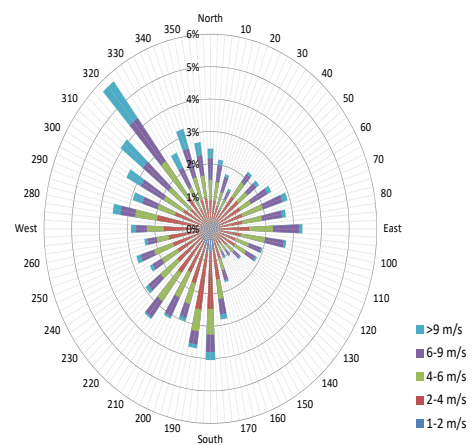
MONTH	AVERAGE WIND SPEED (km/h)		HIGHEST INSTANTANEOUS WIND SPEED (km/h)	
	2019 Average	2019 1/2 Hr. Maximum Average	2019 for CRS (Speed / direction / date)	
January	12.2	17.5	59.0 NW	27
February	9.8	13.6	46.1 N	23
March	12.3	17.1	50.6 NW	4
April	14.2	21.3	57.8 W	23
May	12.7	19.8	58.1 E	13
June	12.1	19.3	58.0 NW	10
July	10.6	16.7	56.1 WNW	28
August	11.4	17.5	62.1 WNW	28
September	11.4	17.0	54.6 NW	25
October	12.0	17.5	54.0 NW	26
November	11.1	16.0	43.0 WNW	23
December	9.8	13.9	42.9 NNW	18

Daily Peak Wind Speed and Direction CLC 2019

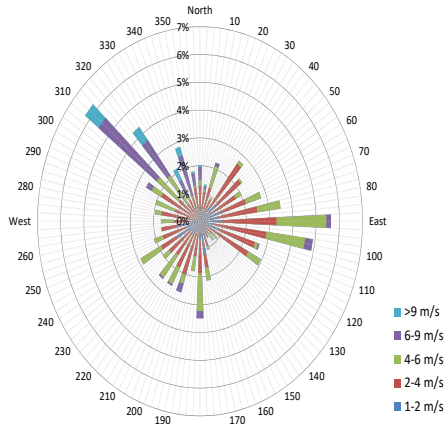


10 meter wind speed and direction tower
July 2019
Photo: Development Engineering and Manufacturing

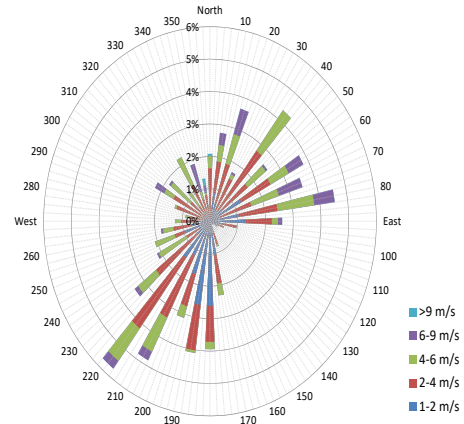
1/2 Hour Maximum Wind Speed and Direction CLC 2019



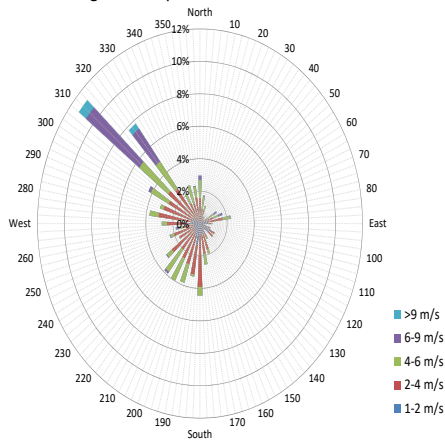
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC January 2019



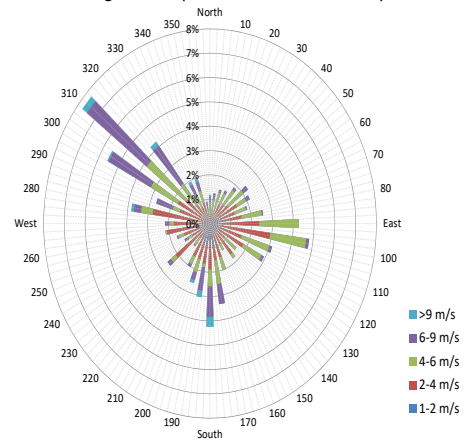
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC February 2019



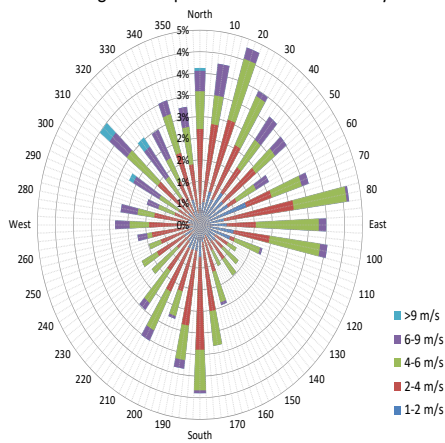
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC March 2019



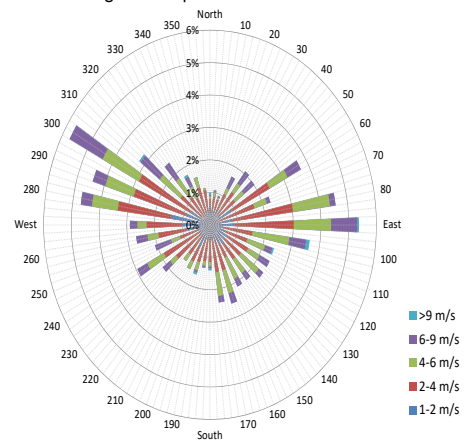
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC April 2019



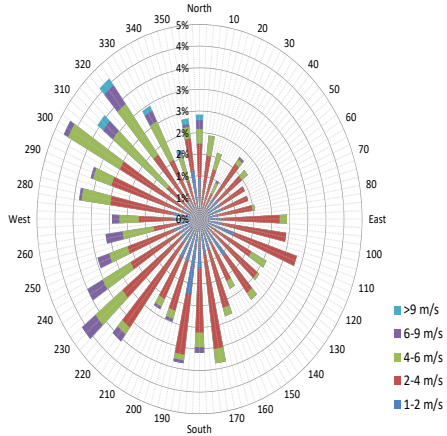
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC May 2019



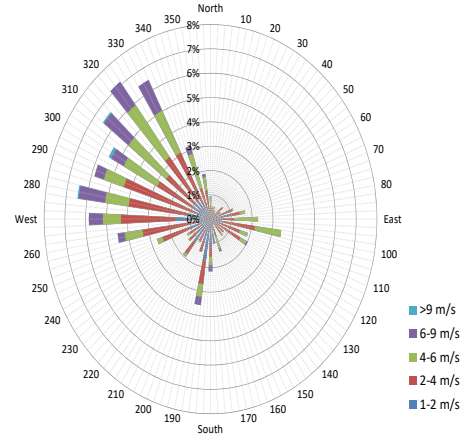
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC June 2019



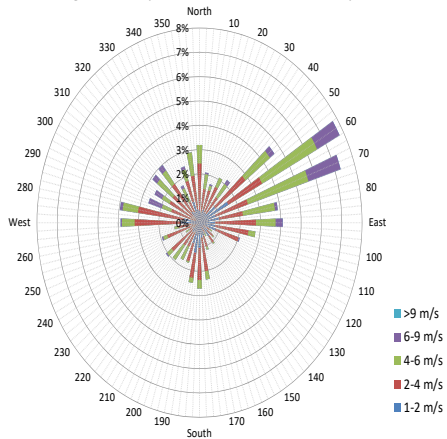
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC July 2019



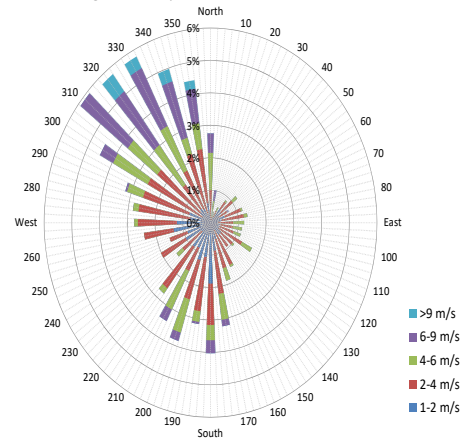
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC August 2019



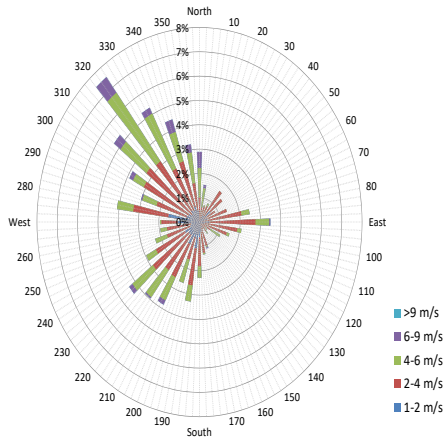
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC September 2019



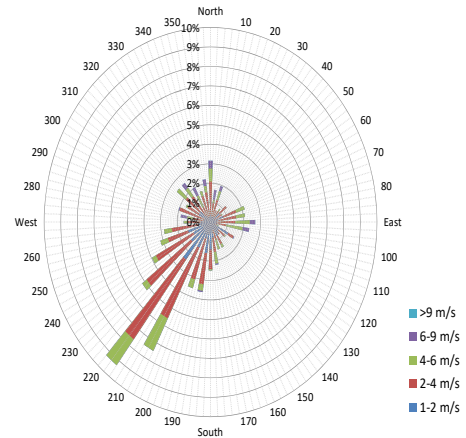
10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC October 2019



10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC November 2019

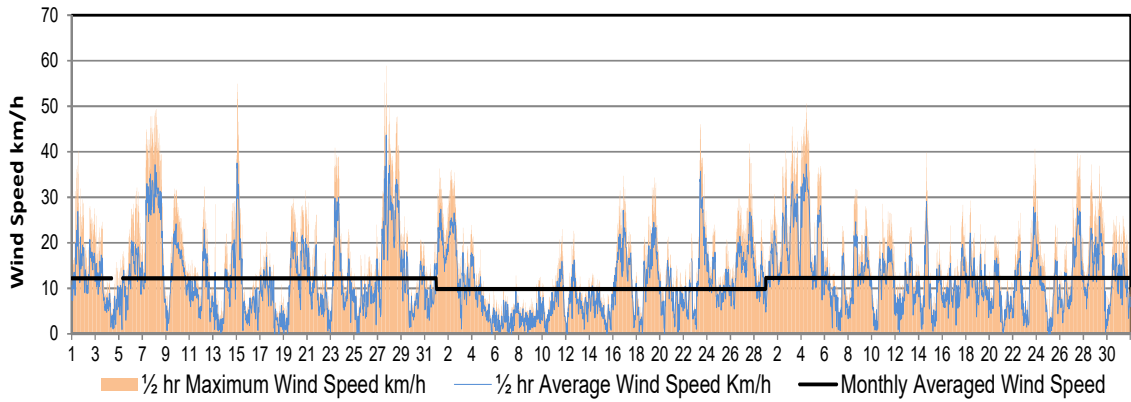


10 minute Average Wind Speed and Direction CLC December 2019

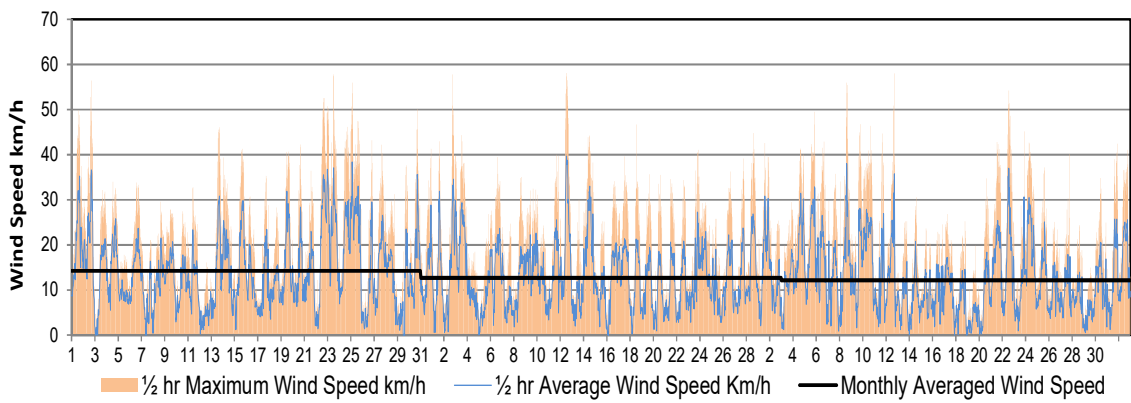


WIND Daily Wind Speed and Maximum Gust Wind Speed

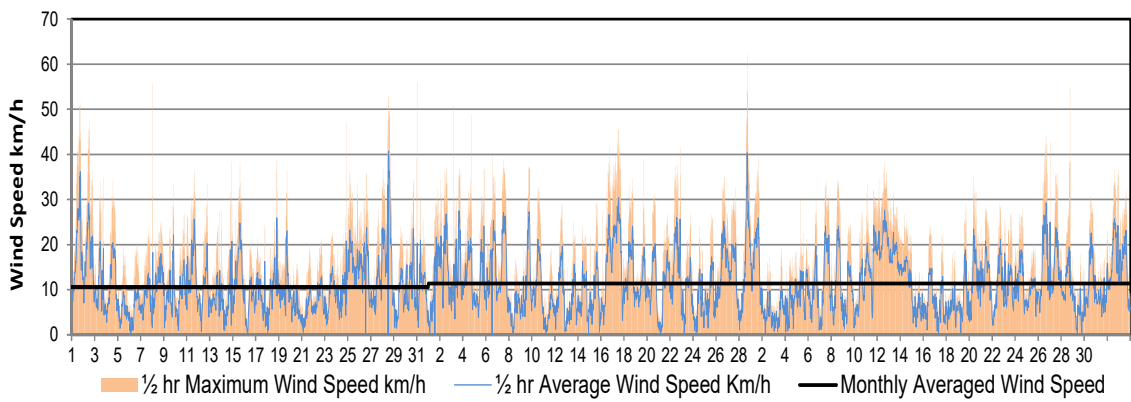
January
February
March



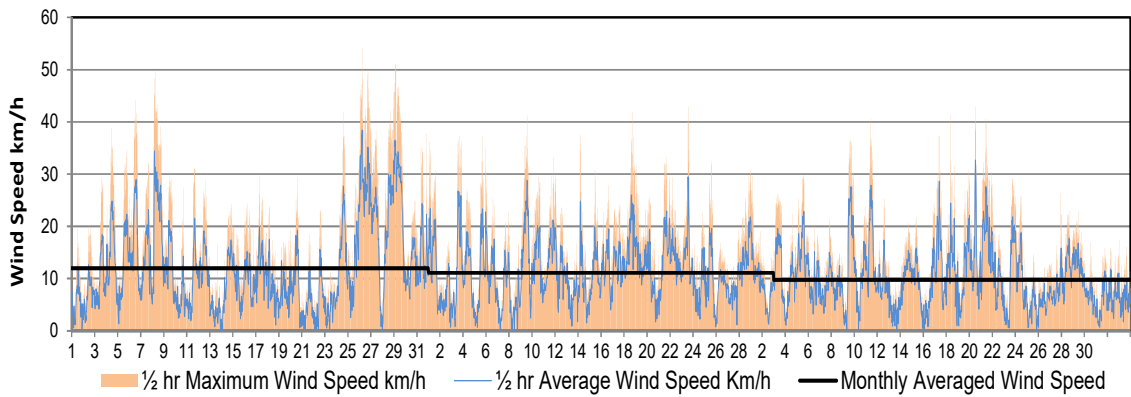
April
May
June



July
August
September



October
November
December



WIND

EXTREME DAILY WINDS (km/h)			
Month	Day	WIND SPEED/ DIRECTION	BEAUFORT WIND SCALE DESIGNATION*
January	15	55.0 NNW	Near Gale
	27	59.0 NW	Near Gale
	28	50.1 NNW	Near Gale
March	4	50.6 NW	Near Gale
	2	56.4 NW	Near Gale
April	22	52.5 S	Near Gale
	23	57.7 W	Near Gale
	25	56.0 WNW	Near Gale
	30	50.1 NNW	Near Gale
May	3	57.8 NNE	Near Gale
	13	58.1 E	Near Gale
June	6	56.0 SSW	Near Gale
	10	58.0 NW	Near Gale
	20	54.2 ESE	Near Gale
July	1	51.1 N	Near Gale
	8	55.5 NNW	Near Gale
	28	56.9 WNW	Near Gale
August	31	56.1 W	Near Gale
	28	62.1 WNW	Gale
September	25	54.6 NW	Near Gale
October	26	54.0 NW	Near Gale
	29	51.0 NW	Near Gale

Environment Canada, Meteorological Service of Canada, 2014.
Beaufort Wind Scale Table

*Near Gale >=50 but < 62	*Gale >=62 but <75
*Strong Gale >=75 but <89	*Storm >=89 but <103
*Violent Storm >=103 but <117	

WINDCHILL CALCULATION CHART ¹												
T°C km/h Speed	5°	0°	-5°	-10°	-15°	-20°	-25°	-30°	-35°	-40°	-45°	-50°
5	4	-2	-7	-13	-19	-24	-30	-36	-41	-47	-53	-58
10	3	-3	-9	-15	-21	-27	-33	-39	-45	-51	-57	-63
15	2	-4	-11	-17	-23	-29	-35	-41	-48	-54	-60	-66
20	1	-5	-12	-18	-24	-30	-37	-43	-49	-56	-62	-67
25	1	-6	-12	-19	-25	-32	-38	-44	-51	-57	-64	-70
30	0	-6	-13	-20	-26	-33	-39	-46	-52	-59	-65	-72
35	0	-7	-14	-20	-27	-33	-40	-47	-53	-60	-66	-73
40	-1	-7	-14	-21	-27	-34	-41	-48	-54	-61	-68	-74
45	-1	-8	-15	-21	-28	-35	-42	-48	-55	-62	-69	-75
50	-1	-8	-15	-22	-29	-35	-42	-49	-56	-63	-69	-76
55	-2	-8	-15	-22	-29	-36	-43	-50	-57	-63	-70	-77
60	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-36	-43	-50	-57	-64	-71	-78
65	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-79
70	-2	-9	-16	-23	-30	-37	-44	-51	-58	-65	-72	-80
75	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-59	-66	-73	-80
80	-3	-10	-17	-24	-31	-38	-45	-52	-60	-67	-74	-81

Approximate Thresholds		
-10	Low	Risk of hypothermia if outside for long periods without adequate protection.
-28	Risky	Risk of frostnip/frostbite on extremities. Exposed skin can freeze in 10 - 30 min.
-40	High Risk	High risk of frostbite. Exposed skin can freeze in 5 - 10 minutes.
-48	Very High Risk	Serious risk of frostbite. Exposed skin can freeze in 2 - 5 minutes.
-55	Extreme Risk	Outdoor conditions are hazardous. Exposed skin can freeze in 2 minutes or less.

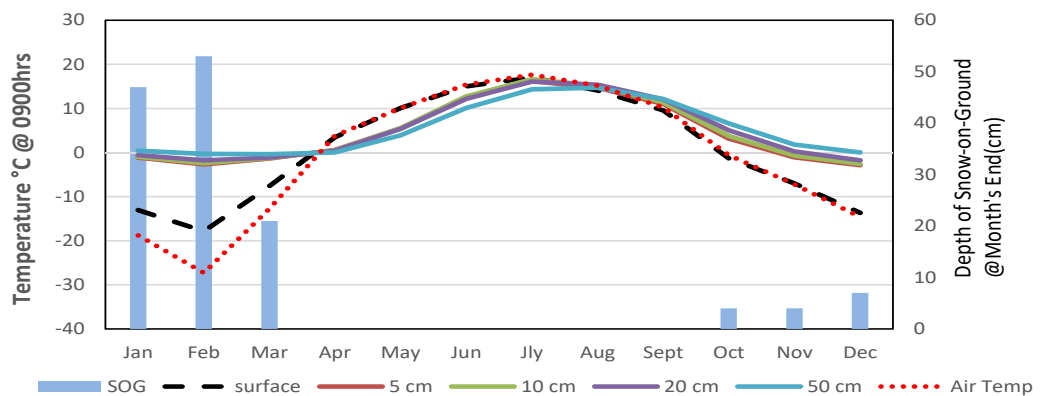
1: Environment Canada, 2004b

EXTREME DAILY WIND CHILL WHEN CALCULATED TO < 0												
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JLY	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
1	-48	-33	-38	-10	-14					-3	-8	-22
2	-20	-39	-43	-13	-6					-4	-12	-23
3	-17	-40	-36	-15	-8					-1	-18	-11
4	-23	-39	-27	-8	-9					-2	-23	-16
5	-26	-46	-28	-10	-9					-5	-22	-23
6	-26	-50	-30	-7	-10					0	-24	-22
7	-27	-50	-37	-5	-3					-3	-23	-29
8	-35	-51	-27	-7	-7					-8	-16	-35
9	-37	-48	-23	-10	-7					-12	-20	-35
10	-24	-47	-30	-11						-15	-31	-39
11	-27	-39	-23	-10				-1		-16	-33	-40
12	-28	-43	-13	-9	-1					-11	-22	-34
13	-21	-44	-10	-7	0					-13	-26	-40
14	-16	-39	-20	-1	-2					-6	-15	-44
15	-36	-45	-23	-4	0					-6	-16	-32
16	-39	-39	-15	-4	-3					-7	-9	-35
17	-40	-32	-21	-4	-5					-8	-9	-35
18	-46	-40	-8	-4	-4					-3	-5	-28
19	-49	-40	-9		-1					-7	-15	-29
20	-40	-25	-9	-2						-7	-21	-20
21	-25	-36	-10	-6						-8	-12	-25
22	-23	-37	-8	-4						-14	-11	-21
23	-37	-35	-10	0						-13	-7	-20
24	-40	-41	-16	-1						-10	-9	-15
25	-42	-49	-16	-6					-1	-6	-12	-13
26	-32	-43	-7	-10					-2	-15	-12	-25
27	-26	-25	-8	-8	-2				-4	-17	-13	-27
28	-40	-25	-12	-11					-3	-18	-18	-26
29	-45		-9	-5					-5	-21	-17	-24
30	-46		-9	-11					-6	-23	-17	-23
31	-31		-8							-8		-18

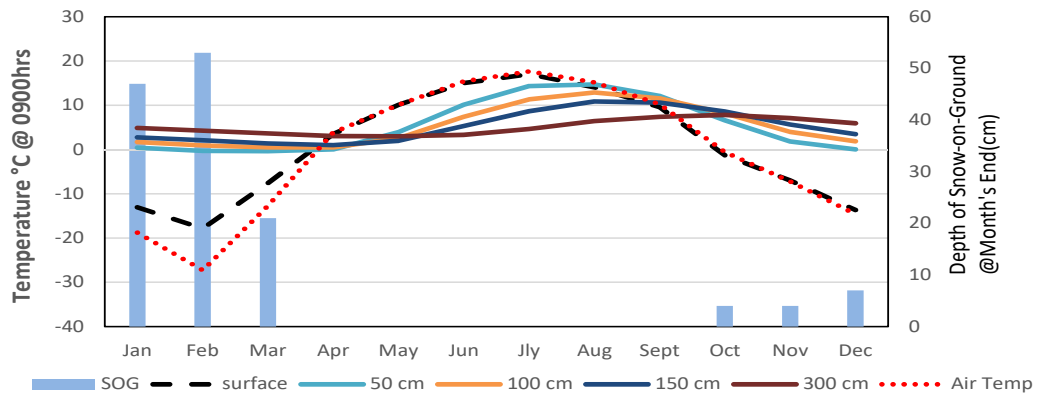
SOIL TEMPERATURES AND DEPTH OF SNOW-ON-THE-GROUND @ MONTH END (2019)

MONTH	Mean Air Temp @ 0900h (°C)	Surface Temp@ 0900h (°C)	SOIL TEMPERATURES (°C) @ 0900h							Mean Air Temp @ 1600h (°C)	Surface Temp@ 1600h (°C)	SOIL TEMPERATURES (°C) @ 1600h			SOG at month's end cm
			5cm	10cm	20cm	50cm	100cm	150cm	300cm			5cm	10cm	20cm	
January	-17.5	-16.1	-4.5	-4.2	-3.0	-0.7	1.1	2.7	5.4	-13.6	-12.1	-4.5	-4.2	-3.0	22
February	-21.3	-19.6	-4.4	-4.2	-3.2	-1.0	0.5	1.7	4.5	-13.6	-13.0	-4.5	-4.3	-3.2	18
March	-12.3	-9.6	-2.2	-2.2	-1.7	-1.0	0.0	1.1	3.7	-5.1	-4.8	-2.6	-2.5	-2.0	53
April	-3.4	-1.5	-1.0	-1.1	-0.8	-0.6	0.0	1.0	3.2	2.7	2.5	-0.2	-0.6	-0.8	0
May	13.8	14.8	6.6	6.4	5.8	2.8	1.0	1.2	2.8	19.7	22.0	10.1	8.5	6.0	
June	16.7	17.4	13.0	13.0	12.3	10.0	7.0	4.7	3.0	21.4	24.0	16.7	15.3	12.6	
July	15.7	17.6	16.0	16.1	15.8	14.0	11.1	8.6	4.5	19.6	24.2	19.4	18.2	15.9	
August	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.8	15.1	14.4	12.6	10.7	6.3	21.1	22.1	17.5	16.6	15.2	
September	5.4	5.3	8.3	8.6	9.6	10.2	10.4	10.0	7.1	10.2	11.3	10.2	9.7	9.5	0
October	-0.4	-1.4	2.0	2.4	3.4	5.0	6.7	7.4	7.5	6.9	7.7	3.1	2.9	3.3	0
November	-8.9	-7.8	0.2	0.5	1.2	2.6	4.1	5.4	6.7	-6.9	-6.0	0.3	0.5	1.2	12
December	-12.4	-10.2	-0.6	-0.4	0.1	1.2	2.5	3.7	5.7	-9.1	-7.8	-0.6	-0.4	0.1	20

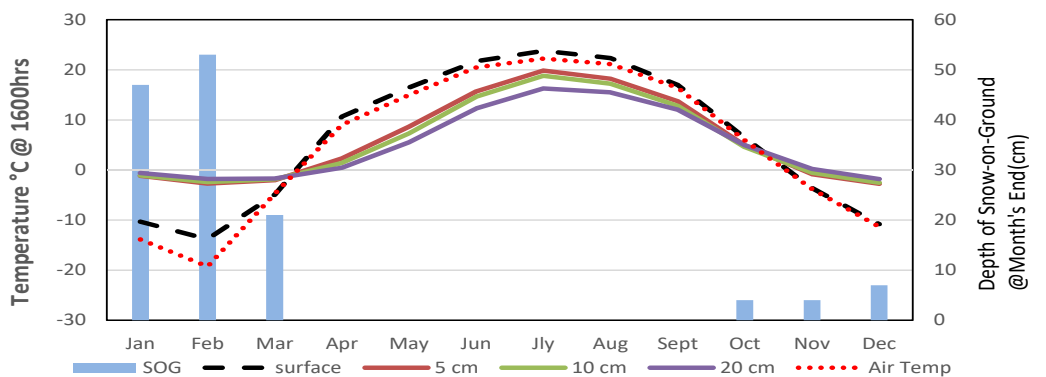
Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 0900h



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 0900h



Monthly Soil Temperatures @ 1600h



GLOSSARY OF TERMS

(Unless otherwise stated, source for definitions of terms is Environment Canada, 1978)

BEAUFORT WIND SCALE was developed by Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort in 1805 and adopted by the British Navy in 1838. It consisted of 13 degrees of wind strength, from calm to hurricane, based upon the effects of various wind strengths upon the amount of canvas carried by the fully rigged frigates of the period. Over the years it has been modified as needed and in 1946 the scale values (Force Numbers) were defined by ranges of wind speed as measured at a height of 10 meters above the surface. In effect, this transformed the 'Beaufort Wind Force Scale' into the 'Beaufort Wind Speed Scale'. This scale is the current standard scale for visual observations of the wind (Heidorn, 1998).

BRIGHT SUNSHINE is the unobstructed direct radiation from the sun, as opposed to the shading of a location by clouds or by other atmospheric obstructions.

Number of Days is defined as the total number of days when at least 0.1 of an hour of bright sunshine was recorded.

Percentage Possible refers to the ratio of measured bright sunshine hours to the total possible daylight hours in a given period, expressed as a percentage.

Possible daylight hours (hours of illumination) are taken from the sunrise/set tables provided by the National Research Council of Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics, Victoria, BC.

Total is the sum of the daily bright sunshine values in hours and tenths of hours as measured by an automated sunshine recorder using voltaic cells.

DEGREE-DAY is an index for various temperature related calculations

Cooling (CDD) is the cooling requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of greater than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary cooling is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C is less than the daily average temperature defines the number of cooling degree-days for that day. A temperature base of 24° C is sometimes used as an index of extreme cooling degree-days to indicate potential heat stress. (Environment Canada 2012)

Mathematically: $CDD = (T - 18^{\circ}C)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or less than 18°C, CDD = 0.

Monthly and annual values of CDD are obtained by summing daily values.

Growing (GDD) is the growing requirement in order for plant growth to proceed. The air temperature must exceed a critical value appropriate to the plant species in question. For many members of the grass family, including most commercial cereals grown on the prairies, a base temperature of 5.0°C has been established. On a specified day, the difference between the daily average temperature and the 5.0°C base temperature defines the number of growing degree-days.

Mathematically: $GDD = (T - 5.0^{\circ}C)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or less than 5.0°C, GDD = 0.

Daily GDD values are summed to provide totals for the appropriate month, growing season or year.

Heating (HDD) is the heating requirement to achieve a stipulated comfort value in an indoor environment. For most purposes, a temperature of less than 18°C is considered uncomfortable and supplementary heating is required. On a specific day, the amount by which 18°C exceeds the daily average temperature defines the number of heating degree-days for that day.

Mathematically:

$HDD = (18^{\circ}C - T)$, for that day, where T = daily mean temperature in °C if T is equal to or greater than 18°C, HDD = 0.

Monthly and annual values of HDD are obtained by summing daily values.

EXTREME is the highest or lowest value of a particular element recorded during the period in question.

FROST is recorded on each occasion when the daily minimum temperature is equal to or less than 0°C.

NORMAL VALUE (1981-2010) In climatology it is often useful to make spatial comparisons of particular element values over a common time period. At an interior continental site such as the Conservation Learning Centre, a period of 30 years is required to produce statistically stable estimates of the more variable elements. To facilitate spatial comparisons, the World Meteorological Organization recommends the standard normal (average) period of thirty years. The period of operation at CLC is not yet long enough to produce normals. (Environment Canada, 1993, 2002, 2004a)

POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION (Thornthwaite Method) is the amount of water which will be lost from a surface completely covered with vegetation if there is sufficient water in the soil at all times for the use of the vegetation. It is computed by means of an empirical formula involving mean monthly temperature and average length of day.

Mathematically: $PET = mT^a$ where PET = Potential of Evapotranspiration; m = % of day length for the month as compared to the year; T = Temperature °C when T is less than or equal to 0; otherwise T = 0; and a = yearly heat index. (Thornthwaite and Mather, 1955)

PRECIPITATION

Day is recorded on occasions when the amount of precipitation in a 24-hour period of 0000 hours - 2400 hours equals or exceeds 0.2 mm water. An asterisk (*) appearing in the average column denotes the occurrence of measurable precipitation on one or more occasions.

Dry day is when no measurable precipitation is recorded.

Total is the sum of the daily recorded precipitation. The snowfall component of precipitation is recorded as an equivalent amount of liquid water. The notation "T" refers to a trace of precipitation (less than 0.2 mm water equivalent) .

Official precipitation is measured using a weighing gauge, extreme precipitation events are measured using a tipping bucket rain gauge .

Snow depth is measured using a sonic ranging sensor.

SEASONS Meteorologists prefer to divide the year into four 3-month periods based primarily on temperature. Thus winter is defined as December (previous year), January, and February (DJF); spring as March, April and May (MAM); summer as June, July and August (JJA); and fall as September, October and November (SON). (Lutgens and Tarbuck, 1992)

SOIL TEMPERATURE under a short grass surface with normal snow accumulation, is measured according to procedures outlined in the Environment Canada publication "*Soil Temperature*" January 1, 1976. Depths below surface at which soil temperature measurements are made are: 5 cm, 10 cm, 20 cm, 50 cm, 100 cm, 150 cm and 300 cm. Since soil temperature is affected by profile structure and water content, extrapolation of the measured data is difficult.

SOLAR RADIATION

Diffuse - Total is radiation reaching the earth's surface after having been scattered from the direct solar beam. The instrument used is an Eppley pyranometer with a shade ring (See SOLAR RADIATION-Global- Total).

Global - Total is the sum of the direct solar and diffuse radiation during the period in question. Measurements are carried out on a horizontal surface near ground level and integrated over the whole celestial dome, summing the diffuse and direct components of the solar beam. The temperature-compensated Eppley pyranometer is used. The standard metric unit of measurement is the megajoule per square metre (MJ/m²). (To facilitate comparison with past years' data: 1.0 MJ/m² = 23.895 langleys). Comparison is provided with a provisional average based on 16 years of data (1975-1990).

SPELLS - Temperature spells are defined as days when the daily maximum temperature is higher than or equal to 30°C (hot spell) or the daily minimum temperature is lower than or equal to -30°C (cold spell).

SUNRISE/SUNSET times have been included in this report. They have been acquired from the National Research Council, Canada, Herzberg Institute of Astrophysics.

TEMPERATURE

Average Annual is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for one year.

Average Daily is defined as the arithmetic mean of the daily maximum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) and the daily minimum temperature in degrees Celsius (°C) for the day in question.

Average Maximum is the average of the daily maximum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) average over the appropriate time periods.

Average Minimum is the average of the daily minimum temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) averaged over the appropriate time periods. Refer to TEMPERATURE-Average Maximum concerning measurement procedures.

Average Monthly is the average of the daily average temperatures in degrees Celsius (°C) for the month under consideration.

WIND CHILL describes a sensation, the way we feel as a result of the combined cooling effect of temperature and wind. This feeling can't be measured using an instrument, so a mathematical formula was developed in 1939 that related air temperature and wind speed to the cooling sensation. This formula was revised in 2001 by a team of scientists and medical experts from Canada and the U.S. with the Canadian Department of National Defence contributing human volunteers. The new index is based on the loss of heat from the face.

Mathematically: $WC = 13.12 + (0.6215 \times T) - (11.37 \times V^{0.16}) + (0.3965 \times T \times V^{0.16})$; where WC = wind chill; T= air temperature °C; V= standard wind speed km/h. (Environment Canada 2004b).

WAVES - Temperature waves are defined as a sequence of three or more days when the daily maximum/minimum temperatures are higher/lower than, or equal to, a set temperature. For a heat wave the temperature is 32°C. (Environment Canada 2005).

WIND SPEED

Average is the average of the hourly wind speeds for the period in question measured in kilometres per hour (km/h). Average hourly wind speeds are obtained from a RM Young Wind Monitor anemometer at a height of 10 m.

Peak Gust refers to the highest instantaneous value recorded by the anemometer system for the period of reference, irrespective of direction and/or duration.

see also **Beaufort Wind Scale**

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